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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Int.A.	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Fellowship is advanced graduate medical education beyond a core residency program for physicians who desire to enter more specialized practice. Fellowship-trained physicians serve the public by providing subspecialty care, which may also include core medical care, acting as a community resource for expertise in their field, creating and integrating new knowledge into practice, and educating future generations of physicians. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Fellows who have completed residency are able to practice autonomously in their core specialty. The prior medical experience and expertise of fellows distinguish them from physicians entering residency. The fellow's care of patients within the subspecialty is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence. Faculty members serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. The fellow develops deep medical knowledge, patient care skills, and expertise applicable to their focused area of practice. Fellowship is an intensive program of subspecialty clinical and didactic education that focuses on the multidisciplinary care of patients. Fellowship education is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.	[None]	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Fellowship is advanced graduate medical education beyond a core residency program for physicians who desire to enter more specialized practice. Fellowship-trained physicians serve the public by providing subspecialty care, which may also include core medical care, acting as a community resource for expertise in their field, creating and integrating new knowledge into practice, and educating future generations of physicians. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Fellows who have completed residency are able to practice autonomously in their core specialty. The prior medical experience and expertise of fellows distinguish them from physicians entering residency. The fellow's care of patients within the subspecialty is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence. Faculty members serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. The fellow develops deep medical knowledge, patient care skills, and expertise applicable to their focused area of practice. Fellowship is an intensive program of subspecialty clinical and didactic education that focuses on the multidisciplinary care of patients. Fellowship education is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well- being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.
Int.A (Continued)	In addition to clinical education, many fellowship programs advance fellows' skills as physician-scientists. While the ability to create new knowledge within medicine is not exclusive to fellowship-educated physicians, the fellowship experience expands a physician's abilities to pursue hypothesis-driven scientific inquiry that results in contributions to the medical literature and patient care. Beyond the clinical subspecialty expertise achieved, fellows develop mentored relationships built on an infrastructure that promotes collaborative research.	[None] - (Continued)	In addition to clinical education, many fellowship programs advance fellows' skills as physician-scientists. While the ability to create new knowledge within medicine is not exclusive to fellowship-educated physicians, the fellowship experience expands a physician's abilities to pursue hypothesis-driven scientific inquiry that results in contributions to the medical literature and patient care. Beyond the clinical subspecialty expertise achieved, fellows develop mentored relationships built on an infrastructure that promotes collaborative research.
Int.B.	Definition of Subspecialty Pediatric otolaryngologists specialize in the medical and surgical management of neonates, infants, children, and adolescents 18 years or younger, particularly those with complex otolaryngologic problems and significant co-morbidities, generally cared for in tertiary care pediatric institutions.	[None]	Definition of Subspecialty Pediatric otolaryngologists specialize in the medical and surgical management of neonates, infants, children, and adolescents 18 years or younger, particularly those with complex otolaryngologic problems and significant co-morbidities, generally cared for in tertiary care pediatric institutions.

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Int.C.	Length of Educational Program The educational program in pediatric otolaryngology must be 12 months in length. (Core)	4.1.	Length of Educational Program The educational program in pediatric otolaryngology must be 12 months in length. (Core)
l.	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight
I.A.	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the	[None]	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
I.A.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)	1.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
I.B.	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.1.a)	The program must be based in a tertiary care pediatric institution where the care of neonates and children can be readily coordinated with other subspecialists. (Core)	1.2.a.	The program must be based in a tertiary care pediatric institution where the care of neonates and children can be readily coordinated with other subspecialists. (Core)
I.B.1.b)	The sponsoring institution must also sponsor an ACGME-accredited otolaryngology – head and neck surgery program. (Core)	1.2.b.	The sponsoring institution must also sponsor an ACGME-accredited otolaryngology – head and neck surgery program. (Core)
I.B.2.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core) The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment.
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)
I.B.3.a)	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)

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I.B.4.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.C.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents (if present), fellows, faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)		Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents (if present), fellows, faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)
I.D.1.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)
I.D.1.a)	Program resources must include:	[None]	
i.D.1.a).(1)	inpatient and outpatient facilities. (Core)	1.8.a.	Program resources must include inpatient and outpatient facilities. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(2)	an emergency department; (Core)	1.8.b.	Program resources must include an emergency department. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(3)	neonatal and pediatric intensive care units; (Core)	1.8.c.	Program resources must include neonatal and pediatric intensive care units. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(4)	facilities for the diagnostic assessment of infants and children with otolaryngologic disorders, including audiologic, voice, speech, language and developmental assessments; and, (Core)	1.8.d.	Program resources must include facilities for the diagnostic assessment of infants and children with otolaryngologic disorders, including audiologic, voice, speech, language and developmental assessments. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(5)	facilities to support clinical research. (Core)	1.8.e.	Program resources must include facilities to support clinical research. (Core)
I.D.1.b)	Fellows must be provided with prompt reliable systems for communication and interaction with supervising physicians. (Core)	1.8.f.	Fellows must be provided with prompt reliable systems for communication and interaction with supervising physicians. (Core)
I.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote fellow well-being and provide for:	1.9.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote fellow well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
I.D.2.b)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for fellows with proximity appropriate for safe patient care, if the fellows are assigned in-house call; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for fellows with proximity appropriate for safe patient care, if the fellows are assigned in-house call; (Core)
I.D.2.c)	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.d)	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)	1.9.d.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)

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I.D.2.e)	accommodations for fellows with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	accommodations for fellows with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
I.D.3.	Fellows must have ready access to subspecialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	Fellows must have ready access to subspecialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)
	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel		Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
I.E.	The presence of other learners and health care personnel, including but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed fellows' education. (Core)	1.11.	The presence of other learners and health care personnel, including but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed fellows' education. (Core)
	The presence of other learners, including otolaryngology – head and neck surgery residents, residents from other specialties, unaccredited pediatric		The presence of other learners, including otolaryngology – head and neck surgery residents, residents from other specialties, unaccredited pediatric
I.E.1.a)	otolaryngology fellows, other subspecialty fellows, PhD students, and nurse practitioners, must not interfere with the appointed fellows' education. (Core) Personnel	1.11.a. Section 2	otolaryngology fellows, other subspecialty fellows, PhD students, and nurse practitioners, must not interfere with the appointed fellows' education. (Core) Section 2: Personnel
II.A.		2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's Graduate Medical Education Committee (GMEC) must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's Graduate Medical Education Committee (GMEC) must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
II.A.1.a).(1)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)	2.2.a.	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.3.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
II.A.2.a)	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum of 10 percent FTE for administration of the program. (Core)	2.3.a.	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum of 10 percent FTE for administration of the program. (Core)
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.4.	Qualifications of the Program Director: The program director must possess subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)

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II.A.3.a)	must include subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)	2.4.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.a).(1)	The program director should have also completed a pediatric otolaryngology fellowship. (Core)	2.4.b.	The program director should have also completed a pediatric otolaryngology fellowship. (Core)
	must include subspecialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)		The program director must possess subspecialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) or a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no ABMS or AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]	2.4.a.	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) or a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no ABMS or AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]
II.A.3.b).(1)	The Review Committee only accepts American Board of Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery (ABOHNS) or American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery (AOBOO-HNS) certification in otolaryngology – head and neck surgery. (Core)	2.4.a.1.	The Review Committee only accepts American Board of Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery (ABOHNS) or American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery (AOBOO-HNS) certification in otolaryngology – head and neck surgery. (Core)
II.A.4.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; fellow recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of fellows, and disciplinary action; supervision of fellows; and fellow education in the context of patient care. (Core)	2.5.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; fellow recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of fellows, and disciplinary action; supervision of fellows; and fellow education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	[None]	·
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.5.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.5.c.	The program director must administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.5.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove fellows from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.5.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove fellows from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)

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II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME; (Core)	2.5.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which fellows have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.5.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which fellows have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(8)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, not to promote, or renew the appointment of a fellow; (Core)	2.5.h.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, not to promote, or renew the appointment of a fellow. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.5.i.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	Fellows must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	Fellows must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(10)	document verification of education for all fellows within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program; (Core)	2.5.j.	The program director must document verification of education for all fellows within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(11)	provide verification of an individual fellow's education upon the fellow's request, within 30 days; and, (Core)	2.5.k.	The program director must provide verification of an individual fellow's education upon the fellow's request, within 30 days. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(12)	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to their eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)	2.5.1.	The program director must provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to their eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)

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	Faculty		Faculty
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach fellows how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing fellows to grow and become practice ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach fellows how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing fellows to grow and become practice ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
II.B.	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, fellows, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the fellows and	[None]	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, fellows, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the fellows and themselves.
II.B.1.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all fellows. (Core)		There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all fellows. (Core)
II.B.1.a)	To enhance fellows' educational experience, there must be participation from appropriately qualified faculty members from other related pediatric disciplines, including: (Core)	2.6.a.	To enhance fellows' educational experience, there must be participation from appropriately qualified faculty members from other related pediatric disciplines, including: (Core)
II.B.1.a).(1)	anesthesiology; (Core)	2.6.a.1.	anesthesiology; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(2)	audiology and speech pathology; (Core)	2.6.a.2.	audiology and speech pathology; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(3)	child and adolescent psychiatry; (Core)	2.6.a.3.	child and adolescent psychiatry; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(4)	gastroenterology; (Core)	2.6.a.4.	gastroenterology; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(5)	medical genetics; (Core)	2.6.a.5.	medical genetics; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(6) II.B.1.a).(7)	neonatology; (Core) neurology; (Core)	2.6.a.6. 2.6.a.7.	neonatology; (Core) neurology; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(7)	pathology; (Core)	2.6.a.8.	pathology; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(9)	plastic surgery; (Core)	2.6.a.9.	plastic surgery; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(10)	prenatal and fetal medicine; (Core)	2.6.a.10.	prenatal and fetal medicine; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(11)	pulmonology; (Core)	2.6.a.11.	pulmonology; (Core)
II.B.1.a).(12)	radiology; and, (Core)	2.6.a.12.	radiology; and, (Core)
II.B.1.a).(13)	sleep medicine. (Core)	2.6.a.13.	sleep medicine. (Core)
II.B.2	Faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.2.a)		2.7.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)

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II.B.2.b)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.7.a.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
II.B.2.c)	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.7.b.	Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
II.B.2.d)	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating fellows; (Core)	2.7.c.	Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating fellows. (Core)
II.B.2.e)	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.7.d.	Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
II.B.2.f)	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills. (Core)	2.7.e.	Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills. (Core)
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.8.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.8.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Subspecialty physician faculty members must:	2.9.	
II.B.3.b).(1)	possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) or a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no ABMS or AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]	2.9.	Subspecialty Physician Faculty Members Subspecialty physician faculty members must possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) or a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no ABMS or AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]
II.B.3.b).(1).(a)	The Review Committee only accepts ABOHNS or AOBOO-HNS certification in otolaryngology – head and neck surgery. (Core)	2.9.b.	The Review Committee only accepts ABOHNS or AOBOO-HNS certification in otolaryngology – head and neck surgery. (Core)
II.B.3.c)	Any other specialty physician faculty members must have current certification in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.9.a.	Any other specialty physician faculty members must have current certification in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)

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	Core Faculty		Core Faculty
II.B.4.	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of fellows and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to fellow education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to fellows. (Core)	2.10.	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of fellows and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to fellow education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to fellows. (Core)
11.5.4.	Faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.	2.10.	Faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a)		2.10.a.	(Core)
II.B.4.b)	There must be at least three core faculty members who are ABOHNS or AOBOO-HNS certified in otolaryngology – head and neck surgery and who have completed a pediatric otolaryngology fellowship program. (Core)	2.10.b.	There must be at least three core faculty members who are ABOHNS or AOBOO-HNS certified in otolaryngology – head and neck surgery and who have completed a pediatric otolaryngology fellowship program. (Core)
11.5.4.5)	Thave completed a pediatile stolary ligology lonewormp program. (esto)	2.10.5.	Program Coordinator
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.11.	There must be administrative support for program coordination. (Core)
			Program Coordinator
II.C.1.	There must be administrative support for program coordination. (Core)	2.11.	There must be administrative support for program coordination. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with support equal to a dedicated		The program coordinator must be provided with support equal to a dedicated
II.C.1.a)	minimum of 20 percent FTE for administration of the program. (Core)	2.11.a.	minimum of 20 percent FTE for administration of the program. (Core)
	Other Program Personnel		Other Brewn Berner Berner
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective		Other Program Personnel The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective
II.D.	administration of the program. (Core)	2.12.	administration of the program. (Core)
III.	Fellow Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Fellow Appointments
III.A.	Eligibility Criteria	[None]	
	Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs		Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs
	All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, an AOA-approved residency program, a program with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation, or a Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency		All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, an AOA-approved residency program, a program with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation, or a Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency
III.A.1.	program located in Canada. (Core)	3.2.	program located in Canada. (Core)
	Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering fellow's		Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering fellow's
	level of competence in the required field using ACGME, ACGME-I, or		level of competence in the required field using ACGME, ACGME-I, or
III.A.1.a)	CanMEDS Milestones evaluations from the core residency program. (Core)	3.2.a.	CanMEDS Milestones evaluations from the core residency program. (Core)

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III.A.1.b)	Prior to appointment in the program, fellows must have successfully completed an otolaryngology – head and neck surgery residency in a program that satisfies the requirements in III.A.1. (Core)	3.2.a.1.	Prior to appointment in the program, fellows must have successfully completed an otolaryngology – head and neck surgery residency in a program that satisfies the requirements in 3.2. (Core)
III.A.1.c)	Fellow Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery will allow the following exception to the fellowship eligibility requirements:	3.2.b.	Fellow Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery will allow the following exception to the fellowship eligibility requirements:
III.A.1.c).(1)	An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in III.A.1., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)	3.2.b.1.	An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in 3.2., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(a)	evaluation by the program director and fellowship selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and, (Core)	3.2.b.1.a.	evaluation by the program director and fellowship selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and, (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(b)	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)	3.2.b.1.b.	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(c)	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)	3.2.b.1.c.	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)
III.A.1.c).(2)	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)	3.2.b.2.	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)
III.B.	Fellow Complement The program director must not appoint more fellows than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.3.	Fellow Complement The program director must not appoint more fellows than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)

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	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized that programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized that programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physicianscientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
	Educational Components		Educational Components
IV.A.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:	4.2.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
IV.A.1.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, fellows, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.a.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, fellows, and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice in their subspecialty. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to fellows and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice in their subspecialty. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to fellows and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.3.	delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision in their subspecialty; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision in their subspecialty; (Core)
IV.A.4.	structured educational activities beyond direct patient care; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	structured educational activities beyond direct patient care; and, (Core)
IV.A.4.a)	Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.A.5.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)

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IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each subspecialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each subspecialty. The focus in fellowship is on subspecialty-specific patient care and medical knowledge, as well as refining the other competencies acquired in residency.
IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	PNI - m - I	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
IV.B.1.a)	Professionalism Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)	[None]	ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Fellows must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care Fellows must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care when facilitating patient management in the home, school, or institutional setting. (Core)	4.4.a.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care when facilitating patient management in the home, school, or institutional setting. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in care that is: (Core)	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(i)	culturally sensitive; (Core)	4.4.b.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in care that is culturally sensitive. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(ii)	situationally sensitive; and, (Core)	4.4.c.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in care that is situationally sensitive. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(iii)	specific to the particular patient/family needs. (Core)	4.4.d.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in care that is specific to the particular patient/family needs. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in care that is accurate in diagnosis and treatment care options, and based on best practice and standards of practice. (Core)	4.4.e.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in care that is accurate in diagnosis and treatment care options, and based on best practice and standards of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2)	Fellows must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Procedural Skills Fellows must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	

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	evaluating neonates, infants, children, and adolescents 18 years and younger with congenital abnormalities, infectious and inflammatory disorders, and inherited and acquired conditions of the head and neck, including hearing loss and other communication impairments; (Core)	4.5.a.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in evaluating neonates, infants, children, and adolescents 18 years and younger with congenital abnormalities, infectious and inflammatory disorders, and inherited and acquired conditions of the head and neck, including hearing loss and other communication impairments. (Core)
	diagnosing and managing the medical and surgical treatment of the aerodigestive tract, ear, nose, sinus, throat, voice and speech, and head and neck and disorders of neonates, infants, children, and adolescents 18 years and younger; and, (Core)	4.5.b.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in diagnosing and managing the medical and surgical treatment of the aerodigestive tract, ear, nose, sinus, throat, voice and speech, and head and neck and disorders of neonates, infants, children, and adolescents 18 years and younger. (Core)
	performing procedures in the following domains with an emphasis on neonates, infants, children younger than three years of age, and children and adolescents with significant co-morbidities as defined by American Society of Anesthesiology (ASA) status: (Core)	4.5.c.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in performing procedures in the following domains with an emphasis on neonates, infants, children younger than three years of age, and children and adolescents with significant co-morbidities as defined by American Society of Anesthesiology (ASA) status: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(a)	closed and open airways; (Core)	4.5.c.1.	closed and open airways; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(b)	congenital anomalies; (Core)	4.5.c.2	congenital anomalies; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(c)	endoscopic airways; (Core)	4.5.c.3	endoscopic airways; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(d)	facial plastics; (Core)	4.5.c.4.	facial plastics; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(e)	facial trauma; (Core)	4.5.c.5.	facial trauma; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(f)	head and neck surgery; (Core)	4.5.c.6.	head and neck surgery; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(g)	otology; (Core)	4.5.c.7.	otology; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii).(h)	rhinology; and, (Core)	4.5.c.8.	rhinology; and, (Core)
	complex and uncommon pediatric procedures infrequently encountered in the general practice of otolaryngology – head and neck surgery. (Core)	4.5.c.9.	complex and uncommon pediatric procedures infrequently encountered in the general practice of otolaryngology – head and neck surgery. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(b)	Fellows must document surgical experience as assistant surgeon, surgeon, and resident supervisor in the ACGME Case Log System, recording patient age and ASA classification for each documented case. (Core)	4.5.d.	Fellows must document surgical experience as assistant surgeon, surgeon, and resident supervisor in the ACGME Case Log System, recording patient age and ASA classification for each documented case. (Core)
	Medical Knowledge Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)

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IV.B.1.c).(1)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of medical and surgical management of neonatal, infant, childhood, and adolescent diseases of the head and neck to a level appropriate for unsupervised practice as defined by the didactic curriculum. (Core)	4.6.a.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of medical and surgical management of neonatal, infant, childhood, and adolescent diseases of the head and neck to a level appropriate for unsupervised practice as defined by the didactic curriculum. (Core)
17.0.1.0).(1)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement	4.0.a.	line didaetie cumedium. (Oore)
IV.B.1.d)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and	4.7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.e)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.f)	Systems-based Practice Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	ACGME Competencies – Systems-Based Practice Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
			4.10. Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
			4.11. Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences	4.10 4.12.	4.12. Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences – Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)

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IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)	4.10.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Clinical rotations must be at least four weeks in length. (Core)	4.10.a.	Clinical rotations must be at least four weeks in length. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences – Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.3.	The didactic curriculum must include basic science, clinical, and research conferences and seminars, as well as journal club activities pertaining to pediatric otolaryngology. (Core)	4.11.a.	The didactic curriculum must include basic science, clinical, and research conferences and seminars, as well as journal club activities pertaining to pediatric otolaryngology. (Core)
IV.C.3.a)	Didactic topics must include:	[None]	
IV.C.3.a).(1)	developmental anatomy and physiology, embryology, microbiology, oncology, and psychology of the infant and child as related to the head and neck; (Core)	4.11.a.1.	Didactic topics must include developmental anatomy and physiology, embryology, microbiology, oncology, and psychology of the infant and child as related to the head and neck. (Core)
IV.C.3.a).(2)	diagnosis and care of uncommon and complex congenital and acquired conditions involving the aerodigestive tract, nose and paranasal sinuses, and ear, as well as diseases and disorders of the laryngotracheal complex and the head and neck; (Core)	4.11.a.2.	Didactic topics must include diagnosis and care of uncommon and complex congenital and acquired conditions involving the aerodigestive tract, nose and paranasal sinuses, and ear, as well as diseases and disorders of the laryngotracheal complex and the head and neck. (Core)
IV.C.3.a).(3)	diagnosis, treatment, and management of childhood disorders of hearing, language, speech, and voice; and, (Core)	4.11.a.3.	Didactic topics must include diagnosis, treatment, and management of childhood disorders of hearing, language, speech, and voice. (Core)
IV.C.3.a).(4)	genetics. (Core)	4.11.a.4.	Didactic topics must include genetics. (Core)
IV.C.3.b)	Quality improvement conferences must take place at least quarterly. (Core)	4.11.a.5.	Quality improvement conferences must take place at least quarterly. (Core)
IV.C.3.c)	Fellows must participate in planning and conducting conferences. (Core)	4.11.a.6.	Fellows must participate in planning and conducting conferences. (Core)
IV.C.3.d)	Both faculty members and fellows must attend and participate in	4.11.a.7.	Both faculty members and fellows must attend and participate in multidisciplinary conferences. (Core)
IV.C.3.e)	Faculty member and fellow attendance at conferences must be documented. (Core)	4.11.a.8.	Faculty member and fellow attendance at conferences must be documented. (Core)
IV.C.4.	Fellows' clinical experiences must include:	[None]	
IV.C.4.a)	participation in a multispecialty, interdisciplinary team to manage and treat conditions for at least three of the following: cochlear implant, craniofacial disorders, tumors, or vascular anomalies; and, (Core)	4.11.b.	Fellows' clinical experiences must include participation in a multispecialty, interdisciplinary team to manage and treat conditions for at least three of the following: cochlear implant, craniofacial disorders, tumors, or vascular anomalies. (Core)
IV.C.4.b)	attendance at a minimum of four clinic sessions per month. (Core)	4.11.c.	Fellows' clinical experiences must include attendance at a minimum of four clinic sessions per month. (Core)

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through fellow participation in scholarly activities as defined in the subspecialty-specific Program Requirements. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of fellowships and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical		Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through fellow participation in scholarly activities as defined in the subspecialty-specific Program Requirements. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of fellowships and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical
IV.D.	research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	Faculty Scholarly Activity The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry and scholarship with an active research component. (Core)
IV.D.2.a)	The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry and scholarship with an active research component. (Core)	4.14.	Faculty Scholarly Activity The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry and scholarship with an active research component. (Core)
			Scholarly activity of each core physician faculty member must include at least one of the following:
			•funded research grants;
	Scholarly activity of each core physician faculty member must include at least		•peer-reviewed publications; or,
IV.D.2.b)	one of the following: (Core)	4.14.a.	•presentations in regional or national conferences. (Core)

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			Scholarly activity of each core physician faculty member must include at least one of the following:
			•funded research grants;
			•peer-reviewed publications; or,
IV.D.2.b).(1)	funded research grants; (Detail)	4.14.a.	•presentations in regional or national conferences. (Core)
			Scholarly activity of each core physician faculty member must include at least one of the following:
			•funded research grants;
			•peer-reviewed publications; or,
IV.D.2.b).(2)	peer-reviewed publications; or, (Detail)	4.14.a.	•presentations in regional or national conferences. (Core)
			Scholarly activity of each core physician faculty member must include at least one of the following:
			•funded research grants;
			•peer-reviewed publications; or,
IV.D.2.b).(3)	presentations in regional or national conferences. (Detail)	4.14.a.	•presentations in regional or national conferences. (Core)
IV.D.3.	Fellow Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Fellow Scholarly Activity Fellows' scholarly activity initiated or completed during the program, including scientific study, production of review articles or chapters, or creation of online educational activities, must be documented. (Outcome)
IV.D.3.a)	Fellows' scholarly activity initiated or completed during the program, including scientific study, production of review articles or chapters, or creation of online educational activities, must be documented. (Outcome)	4.15.	Fellow Scholarly Activity Fellows' scholarly activity initiated or completed during the program, including scientific study, production of review articles or chapters, or creation of online educational activities, must be documented. (Outcome)
	Independent Practice		Independent Practice
IV.E.	Fellowship programs may assign fellows to engage in the independent practice of their core specialty during their fellowship program.	[None]	Fellowship programs may assign fellows to engage in the independent practice of their core specialty during their fellowship program.
IV.E.1.	If programs permit their fellows to utilize the independent practice option, it must not exceed 20 percent of their time per week or 10 weeks of an academic year. (Core)	4.16.	If programs permit their fellows to utilize the independent practice option, it must not exceed 20 percent of their time per week or 10 weeks of an academic year. (Core)
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Fellow Evaluation	5.1.	Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)

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V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar
V.A.1. V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	educational assignment. (Core) Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a).(1)	This must include meeting with each fellow in person to review his or her cumulative operative experience and Case Log data at least semiannually to ensure balanced progress towards achieving experience with a variety and complexity of surgical procedures. (Core)	5.1.f.	The faculty evaluation must include meeting with each fellow in person to review his or her cumulative operative experience and Case Log data at least semiannually to ensure balanced progress towards achieving experience with a variety and complexity of surgical procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	Evaluations must be completed at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	Evaluations must be completed at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the subspecialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1.b.	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the subspecialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive fellow performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive fellow performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each fellow their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the subspecialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each fellow their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the subspecialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	develop plans for fellows failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for fellows failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	The evaluations of a fellow's performance must be accessible for review by the fellow. (Core)	5.1.e.	The evaluations of a fellow's performance must be accessible for review by the fellow. (Core)
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	Fellow Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	Fellow Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Poquiroment Language
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	The subspecialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the		The subspecialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the
	subspecialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure fellows		subspecialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure fellows
	are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the		are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the
V.A.2.a).(1)	program. (Core)	5.2.a.	program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
, , ,			
	become part of the fellow's permanent record maintained by the		The final evaluation must become part of the fellow's permanent record
	institution, and must be accessible for review by the fellow in accordance		maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	fellow in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
			The final evaluation must verify that the fellow has demonstrated the
	verify that the fellow has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and		knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice.
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	(Core)
			The final evaluation must be shared with the fellow upon completion of the
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	program. (Core)
			Clinical Competency Committee
	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program		A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program
V.A.3.	director. (Core)	5.3.	director. (Core)
	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must include three		At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must include three
	members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. Members must		members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. Members must
	be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other		be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other
\/ A 2 a\	health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the	E 2 a	health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the
V.A.3.a) V.A.3.b)	program's fellows. (Core) The Clinical Competency Committee must:	5.3.a. [None]	program's fellows. (Core)
V.A.3.0)	The Chincal Competency Committee must.	[None]	The Olivinal Commenter of Commenter of the Commenter of t
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all fellow evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.b.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all fellow evaluations at
V.A.3.b).(1)	determine each fellow's progress on achievement of the subspecialty-	J.J.D.	least semi-annually. (Core) The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each fellow's
V.A.3.b).(2)	, ,	5.3.c.	progress on achievement of the subspecialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.O.DJ.(2)	specific filliestories, and, (core)	0.0.0.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the fellows' semi-
	meet prior to the fellows' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program		annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each
V.A.3.b).(3)	•	5.3.d.	fellow's progress. (Core)
			Faculty Evaluation
			The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's
			performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	(Core)
			Faculty Evaluation
	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's		The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's
	performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.		performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.
V.B.1.	· · ·	5.4.	(Core)

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	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical		This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical
	teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation		teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation
	in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical		in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical
V.B.1.a)	performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
	This evaluation must include written, confidential evaluations by the		This evaluation must include written, confidential evaluations by the
V.B.1.b)	fellows. (Core)	5.4.b.	fellows. (Core)
	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least		Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least
V.B.2.	annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	annually. (Core)
			Program Evaluation and Improvement
			The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to
			conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
			Program Evaluation and Improvement
	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to		The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to
	conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the		conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the
V.C.1	program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two		The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two
W O 4 - \	program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,		program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,
V.C.1.a)	and at least one fellow. (Core)	5.5.a.	and at least one fellow. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	
V.C.1. <i>Dj</i>	r rogram Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include.	[None]	Dragram Evaluation Committee reanancibilities must include review of the
	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward		Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them.
V.C.1.b).(1)		5.5.b.	(Core)
1101110/1(1/		0.0.0	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding
	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new		ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals,
V.C.1.b).(2)	goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	based upon outcomes. (Core)
	general apon characteristics, and, (cons)		Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the
	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths,		current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges,
	challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission		opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims.
V.C.1.b).(3)	and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	(Core)
	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from		The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from
	prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate fellow and faculty written		prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate fellow and faculty written
	evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of		evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of
V.C.1.c)	the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	the program. (Core)
	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission		The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission
V.C.1.d)	and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be		The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be
V 0 4 -\	distributed to and discussed with the members of the teaching faculty and		distributed to and discussed with the members of the teaching faculty and
V.C.1.e)	the fellows, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	the fellows, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)

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Number		requirement Number	14
V.C.2.	The program must participate in a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must participate in a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
	The Learning and Working Environment		Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	Fellowship education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Fellowship education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	•Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by fellows today		•Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by fellows today
	•Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's fellows in their future practice		•Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's fellows in their future practice
	•Excellence in professionalism		•Excellence in professionalism
	•Appreciation for the privilege of providing care for patients		•Appreciation for the privilege of providing care for patients
VI.	•Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, fellows, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	•Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, fellows, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	Patient Safety, Quality Improvement, Supervision, and Accountability	[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(1)	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2)	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must:	[None]	

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VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	Fellows must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Fellows must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Fellows and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Fellows and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a)	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.

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VI.A.2.a).(1)	Fellows and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Fellows and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to fellows, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.a.	This information must be available to fellows, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all fellows is based on each fellow's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all fellows is based on each fellow's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
VI.A.2.b)	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate fellow supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate fellow supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision:	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction. The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction; or,	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction. The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b)	the supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction. The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b).(i)	The program must ensure that decisions regarding the use of supervision through telecommunication technology are based on fellow experience, presence of an existing treatment plan, and case complexity/acuity. (Core)	6.7.a.	The program must ensure that decisions regarding the use of supervision through telecommunication technology are based on fellow experience, presence of an existing treatment plan, and case complexity/acuity. (Core)

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	Indirect Cupowinion, the cupowining physician is not providing physical		In direct Companision
	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical		Indirect Supervision The supervision physician is not providing physical or consurrent visual.
	or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to		The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual
VI.A.2.b).(2)	the fellow for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct	[None]	or audio supervision but is immediately available to the fellow for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.
VI.A.2.0).(2)	supervision.	[Mone]	
	Oversight the supervising physician is available to provide review of		Oversight The supervising physician is evallable to provide review of
\/I A 2 b\ /2\	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of	[None]	The supervising physician is available to provide review of
VI.A.2.b).(3)	procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
\(\(\(\(\) \) \(\)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising	0.0	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising
VI.A.2.c)	physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	physician is required. (Core)
	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional		The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional
	independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each		independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each
	fellow must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.		fellow must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.
VI.A.2.d)	(Core)	6.9.	(Core)
	The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on		The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on
VI.A.2.d).(1)	specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate		Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate
	portions of care to fellows based on the needs of the patient and the skills		portions of care to fellows based on the needs of the patient and the skills
VI.A.2.d).(2)	of each fellow. (Core)	6.9.b.	of each fellow. (Core)
	Fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior fellows and residents		Fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior fellows and residents
	in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs		in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs
VI.A.2.d).(3)	of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which		Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which
VI.A.2.e)	fellows must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	fellows must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
	Each fellow must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the		Each fellow must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the
	circumstances under which the fellow is permitted to act with conditional		circumstances under which the fellow is permitted to act with conditional
VI.A.2.e).(1)	independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	independence. (Outcome)
	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess		Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess
	the knowledge and skills of each fellow and to delegate to the fellow the		the knowledge and skills of each fellow and to delegate to the fellow the
VI.A.2.f)	appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
			Professionalism
			Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate
			fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical
			responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation
			to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	patients. (Core)

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			Professionalism
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate
	fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical		fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical
	responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their		responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their
VI.B.1.		6.12.	patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	
	be accomplished without excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non-		The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without
VI.B.2.a)	physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
\// D 0 b\	and the second s	C 40 h	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	care responsibilities. (Core)
			The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance
	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each fellow finds in the		the meaning that each fellow finds in the experience of being a physician,
	experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients,		including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support,
	providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence		promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing
VI.B.2.c)	and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	professional relationships. (Core)
	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must		The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must
	provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and		provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and
VI.B.3.	personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	personal responsibility. (Core)
	Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care,		Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care,
VI.B.4.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.12.e.	including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide
	a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is		a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is
	psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students,		psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students,
VI.B.5.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.12.f.	fellows, faculty, and staff. (Core)
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a
	process for education of fellows and faculty regarding unprofessional		process for education of fellows and faculty regarding unprofessional
VI.B.6.	behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
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	Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of fellowship training.		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of fellowship training.
WI O	Fellows and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares fellows with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout	[No. 10]	Fellows and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares fellows with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout
VI.C.		[None]	their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that		attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that
VI.C.1.a)		6.13.a.	impacts fellow well-being; (Core)
	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of fellows and		evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of fellows and
VI.C.1.b)	faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	faculty members; (Core)
	policies and programs that encourage optimal fellow and faculty member		policies and programs that encourage optimal fellow and faculty member
VI.C.1.c)		6.13.c.	well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	9 ()	6.13.c.1.	Fellows must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of fellows and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of fellows and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	, , ,	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek		recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek
VI.C.1.d).(2)	appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)

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VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which fellows may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for fellows unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	There are circumstances in which fellows may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for fellows unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the fellow who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the fellow who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must be based on PGY level, patient safety, fellow ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must be based on PGY level, patient safety, fellow ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
VI.E.1.a)	The workload associated with optimal clinical care of surgical patients is a continuum from the moment of admission to the point of discharge. (Detail)	6.17.a.	The workload associated with optimal clinical care of surgical patients is a continuum from the moment of admission to the point of discharge. (Detail)
VI.E.1.b)	During the fellowship education process, surgical teams should be made up of attending surgeons, fellows, residents at various PGY levels, medical students (when appropriate), and other health care providers. (Detail)	6.17.b.	During the fellowship education process, surgical teams should be made up of attending surgeons, fellows, residents at various PGY levels, medical students (when appropriate), and other health care providers. (Detail)
VI.E.1.c)	The work of the caregiver team should be assigned to team members based on each individual's level of education, experience, and competence. (Detail)	6.17.c.	The work of the caregiver team should be assigned to team members based on each individual's level of education, experience, and competence. (Detail)

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VI.E.2.	Teamwork Fellows must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the subspecialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Fellows must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the subspecialty and larger health system. (Core)
VI.E.2.a)	Effective surgical practices entail the involvement of members with a mix of complementary skills and attributes (physicians, nurses, and other staff). Success requires both an unwavering mutual respect for those skills and contributions, and a shared commitment to the process of patient care. (Detail)	6.18.a.	Effective surgical practices entail the involvement of members with a mix of complementary skills and attributes (physicians, nurses, and other staff). Success requires both an unwavering mutual respect for those skills and contributions, and a shared commitment to the process of patient care. (Detail)
VI.E.2.b)	Fellows must collaborate with fellow surgical residents, and with especially faculty, other physicians outside of their specialty, and non-traditional health care providers to best formulate treatment plans for an increasingly diverse patient population. (Core)	6.18.b.	Fellows must collaborate with fellow surgical residents, and with especially faculty, other physicians outside of their specialty, and non-traditional health care providers to best formulate treatment plans for an increasingly diverse patient population. (Core)
VI.E.2.c)	Fellows must assume personal responsibility to complete all tasks to which they are assigned (or which they voluntarily assume) in a timely fashion. These tasks must be completed within the hours assigned, or, if that is not possible, fellows must learn and utilize the established methods for handing off remaining tasks to another member of the fellow team so that patient care is not compromised. (Core)	6.18.c.	Fellows must assume personal responsibility to complete all tasks to which they are assigned (or which they voluntarily assume) in a timely fashion. These tasks must be completed within the hours assigned, or, if that is not possible, fellows must learn and utilize the established methods for handing off remaining tasks to another member of the fellow team so that patient care is not compromised. (Core)
VI.E.2.d)	Lines of authority should be defined by programs, and all fellows must have a working knowledge of expected reporting relationships to maximize quality care and patient safety. (Core)	6.18.d.	Lines of authority should be defined by programs, and all fellows must have a working knowledge of expected reporting relationships to maximize quality care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that fellows are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that fellows are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)

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VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide fellows with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide fellows with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Fellows must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Fellows must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or fellow education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a fellow during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or fellow education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a fellow during this time. (Core)

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VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the		These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the
VI.F.4.b)	80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
VI.F.4.c)	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. The Review Committee for Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.	6.24.	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. The Review Committee for Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by fellows in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by fellows in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)	6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.6.a)	The Review Committee for Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery will not permit night float.	6.26.a.	The Review Committee for Otolaryngology – Head and Neck Surgery will not permit night float.

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VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Fellows must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Fellows must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of athome call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)		At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each fellow. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each fellow. (Core)