Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education	•	
			Definition of Graduate Medical Education
	Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional		Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional
	development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents		development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents
	learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty		learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty
	members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence,		members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence,
	compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship.		compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship.
	3 , p = 1 = 1 = 7 = 7		3 , p = 1 = 1 = 7, p = 1 = 1 = 7
	Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician		Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician
	scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse		scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse
	community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and		community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and
	educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice		educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice
Int.A.	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.	[None]	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.
III.A.	years rater.	[reone]	years rater.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-
	being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all		being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all
Int.A. (Continued)	members of the health care team.	[None] - (Continued)	members of the health care team.
	Definition of Specialty Pathologists practice medicine by establishing diagnoses, monitoring disease progression and treatment, determining disease risk and cause of death, and overseeing blood and cellular transfusions. They direct the clinical laboratory, provide established analyses, and develop new testing methods using patient tissues, blood, cells, and body fluid specimens. Pathologists serve as expert consultants to other physicians and are integral to the patient care decision-		Definition of Specialty Pathologists practice medicine by establishing diagnoses, monitoring disease progression and treatment, determining disease risk and cause of death, and overseeing blood and cellular transfusions. They direct the clinical laboratory, provide established analyses, and develop new testing methods using patient tissues, blood, cells, and body fluid specimens. Pathologists serve as expert consultants to other physicians and are integral to the patient care decision-
Int.B.	making process. (Core)	[None]	making process. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman	Downing word Longue	Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Length of Program Education must be provided in one of these formats: • Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4): 48 months of education in
			anatomic pathology and clinical pathology. (Core)
	Length of Educational Program		Anatomic Pathology (AP-3): 36 months of education in anatomic pathology. (Core)
Int.C.	•	4.1.	• Clinical Pathology (CP-3): 36 months of education in clinical pathology. (Core)
Int.C.1.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4): 48 months of education in anatomic pathology and clinical pathology. (Core)	4.1 .	Length of Program Education must be provided in one of these formats: • Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4): 48 months of education in anatomic pathology and clinical pathology. (Core) • Anatomic Pathology (AP-3): 36 months of education in anatomic pathology. (Core) • Clinical Pathology (CP-3): 36 months of education in clinical pathology. (Core)
	Anatomic Pathology (AP-3): 36 months of education in anatomic pathology.		Length of Program Education must be provided in one of these formats: • Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4): 48 months of education in anatomic pathology and clinical pathology. (Core) • Anatomic Pathology (AP-3): 36 months of education in anatomic pathology. (Core)
Int.C.2.	1	4.1.	• Clinical Pathology (CP-3): 36 months of education in clinical pathology. (Core)
			Length of Program Education must be provided in one of these formats: • Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4): 48 months of education in anatomic pathology and clinical pathology. (Core) • Anatomic Pathology (AP-3): 36 months of education in anatomic pathology. (Core)
Int.C.3.	Clinical Pathology (CP-3): 36 months of education in clinical pathology. (Core)	4.1.	Clinical Pathology (CP-3): 36 months of education in clinical pathology. (Core)
l.	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight

Requirement			
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Hamoraio	·	rtoquii omone rtumboi	Requirement Language
	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.		Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.
I.A.	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
I.A.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution.	1.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution.
I.B.	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution should also sponsor ACGME-accredited residency programs in at least three of the following specialties: diagnostic radiology, family medicine, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, and surgery. (Core)	1.2.a.	The Sponsoring Institution should also sponsor ACGME-accredited residency programs in at least three of the following specialties: diagnostic radiology, family medicine, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, and surgery. (Core)
I.B.2.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	program and and paragrams one programs a required accignment (core)
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)
I.B.3.a).	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)
I.B.4.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.B.5.	Resident assignments away from the primary clinical site should not prevent residents' regular participation in rounds or conferences at the primary clinical site, or in equivalent conferences at participating sites. (Detail)	1.6.a.	Resident assignments away from the primary clinical site should not prevent residents' regular participation in rounds or conferences at the primary clinical site, or in equivalent conferences at participating sites. (Detail)
I.B.6.	All participating sites responsible for training of residents must maintain relevant certification(s) and/or accreditation(s) recognized at the state and/or national level. (Core)	1.6.b.	All participating sites responsible for training of residents must maintain relevant certification(s) and/or accreditation(s) recognized at the state and/or national level. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals		Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Workforce Recruitment and Retention		Workforce Recruitment and Retention
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage
	in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment		in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment
	and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and		and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and
	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
			Resources
			The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
			Resources
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
,	At the primary clinical site, the program must provide each resident with:	1.8.a.	At the primary clinical site, the program must provide each resident with:
, , ,	a designated work area; (Core)	1.8.a.1.	a designated work area; (Core)
	an individual computer with access to hospital and laboratory information systems, electronic health records, and the Internet; (Core)	1.8.a.2.	an individual computer with access to hospital and laboratory information systems, electronic health records, and the Internet; (Core)
	an individual light microscope and access to a multi-headed light microscope for		an individual light microscope and access to a multi-headed light microscope for
	rotations on which microscopic evaluations account for a major portion of the		rotations on which microscopic evaluations account for a major portion of the
, , ,	clinical experience; (Core)	1.8.a.3.	clinical experience; (Core)
, , ,	photomicroscopy and gross imaging technology for residents; (Core)	1.8.a.4.	photomicroscopy and gross imaging technology for residents; (Core)
	radiographic imaging technology, when applicable to specimen type; and, (Core)	1.8.a.5.	radiographic imaging technology, when applicable to specimen type; and, (Core)
	access to updated teaching materials, such as interesting case files and		access to updated teaching materials, such as interesting case files and
	archived conference materials, or study sets, such as glass slides and virtual		archived conference materials, or study sets, such as glass slides and virtual
	study sets, encompassing the core curriculum areas of anatomic and/or clinical		study sets, encompassing the core curriculum areas of anatomic and/or clinical
	pathology residency education, as matches the program's specialty	1006	pathology residency education, as matches the program's specialty
I.D.1.a).(6)	concentration. (Core)	1.8.a.6.	concentration. (Core)
	The program must have a sufficient volume and variety of material available to ensure that residents have broad exposure to both common conditions and		The program must have a sufficient volume and variety of material available to ensure that residents have broad exposure to both common conditions and
	unusual entities. (Core)	1.8.b.	unusual entities. (Core)
	This material should be sufficient for anatomic pathology and/or clinical	110101	This material should be sufficient for anatomic pathology and/or clinical
I.D.1.b).(1)	pathology, as matches the program's specialty concentration. (Detail)	1.8.b.1.	pathology, as matches the program's specialty concentration. (Detail)
	The number and variety of tests performed in the program's laboratories should		The number and variety of tests performed in the program's laboratories should
,	be sufficient to give residents experience in those tests typically available in a		be sufficient to give residents experience in those tests typically available in a
I.D.1.c)	general hospital. (Core)	1.8.c.	general hospital. (Core)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote		healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote
	resident well-being and provide for:	1.9.	resident well-being and provide for:
,	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.3.0.	
	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,	1.0.0.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,
4	pocurity and safety ineasures appropriate to the participating site, and,		jocounty and salety measures appropriate to the participating site, and,

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
I.D.2.e)	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
I.D.3.	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)
I.E.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)
II.	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
II.A.1.a).(1)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)	2.2.a.	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.1.b)	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)	2.3.	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.4.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
II.A.2.a)	Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum time as specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)	2.4.a.	Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum time as specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)
II.A.2.a).(1)	Programs with up to seven approved resident positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time. Programs with seven or more approved resident positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time plus an additional two percent time for each approved position. (Core)	2.4.b.	Programs with up to seven approved resident positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time. Programs with seven or more approved resident positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time plus an additional two percent time for each approved position. (Core)
II.A.2.b)	Programs with 16 or more approved resident positions should have an associate (or assistant) program director to assist the program director with administration of the program. (Core)	2.4.c.	Programs with 16 or more approved resident positions should have an associate (or assistant) program director to assist the program director with administration of the program. (Core)

Requirement		Reformatted	
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.a)	must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core)	2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Pathology, or by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)	2.5.a.	The program director must possess current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Pathology, or by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b).(1)	The program director must have current certification in anatomic and clinical pathology, anatomic pathology, or clinical pathology from the American Board of Pathology (ABPath) or in either anatomic pathology or clinical pathology/laboratory medicine from the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology (AOBPa). (Core)	2.5.a.1.	The program director must have current certification in anatomic and clinical pathology, anatomic pathology, or clinical pathology from the American Board of Pathology (ABPath) or in either anatomic pathology or clinical pathology/laboratory medicine from the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology (AOBPa). (Core)
II.A.3.b).(2) II.A.3.c)	If the program director is not certified in both anatomic and clinical pathology, there must be an associate program director with certification in the complementary specialty area by the ABPath or the AOBPa. (Core) must include ongoing clinical activity. (Core)	2.5.a.2. 2.5.b.	If the program director is not certified in both anatomic and clinical pathology, there must be an associate program director with certification in the complementary specialty area by the ABPath or the AOBPa. (Core) The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
II.A.4.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)	2.6.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.6.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.6.c.	The program director must administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.6.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.6.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Deguirement Language	Reformatted	
II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the	Requirement Number 2.6.f.	Requirement Language The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.6.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(8)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident; (Core)	2.6.h.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9)		2.6.i.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(10)	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program; and, (Core)	2.6.j.	The program director must document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(11)	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the resident's request, within 30 days; and (Core)	2.6.k.	The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(12)	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)	2.6.1.	The program director must provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
II.B.	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.	[None]	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals		Reformatted Requirement Number	1 0 0
II.B.1.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)	2.7.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
II.B.1.a)	There must be a faculty member designated as Autopsy Service Director to manage the autopsy service within the institution. The Autopsy Service Director provides and oversees resident training in the performance of an autopsy, including gathering of information prior to an autopsy, examination and evisceration of the body, interpretation of findings, composition of a report, and communication of findings to treating physicians and at conferences. In partnership with the program director, the Autopsy Service Director is responsible for assessing and ensuring the competency of residents in the performance of autopsies. (Core)	2.7.a.	There must be a faculty member designated as Autopsy Service Director to manage the autopsy service within the institution. The Autopsy Service Director provides and oversees resident training in the performance of an autopsy, including gathering of information prior to an autopsy, examination and evisceration of the body, interpretation of findings, composition of a report, and communication of findings to treating physicians and at conferences. In partnership with the program director, the Autopsy Service Director is responsible for assessing and ensuring the competency of residents in the performance of autopsies. (Core)
II.B.2.	Faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.8.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
II.B.2.b)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
II.B.2.c)	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
II.B.2.d)	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating residents; (Core)	2.8.c.	Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
II.B.2.e)	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.8.d.	Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
II.B.2.f)	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually: (Core)	2.8.e.	Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(2)	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)	2.8.e.2.	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(4)	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.3.b).(1)	have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Pathology or the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, or possess	2.10.	Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Pathology or the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.3.c)	An associate program director should have at least two years of experience as an active faculty member in an ACGME-accredited pathology residency program or a pathology residency located in Canada and accredited by the RCPSC. (Detail)	2.10.a.	An associate program director should have at least two years of experience as an active faculty member in an ACGME-accredited pathology residency program or a pathology residency located in Canada and accredited by the RCPSC. (Detail)

Requirement			
Number - Roman	De maine me ant I am massa.	Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Core Faculty		Core Faculty
	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and		Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and
	supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a		supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a
	component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative		component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative
II.B.4.	feedback to residents. (Core)	2.11.	feedback to residents. (Core)
	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.		Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a)	(Core)	2.11.a.	(Core)
	There must be at least five core faculty members, one of whom must be the		There must be at least five core faculty members, one of whom must be the
II.B.4.b)	program director. (Core)	2.11.b.	program director. (Core)
			Program Coordinator
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	The second has a second	0.40	Program Coordinator
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and		The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and
II.C.2.	support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
11.0.2.		Z.12.a.	
	The program coordinator(s) must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum of 50 percent time for administration of the program. Programs with		The program coordinator(s) must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum of 50 percent time for administration of the program. Programs with
	seven or more approved resident positions must be provided with an additional		seven or more approved resident positions must be provided with an additional
II.C.2.a)	two percent time for each approved position. (Core)	2.12.b.	two percent time for each approved position. (Core)
,	Other Program Personnel		
			Other Program Personnel
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly
	ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective		ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective
II.D.	administration of the program. (Core)	2.13.	administration of the program. (Core)
	There must be clerical, administrative, and qualified laboratory technical		There must be clerical, administrative, and qualified laboratory technical
II D 4	personnel to support the clinical, teaching, educational, and research activities	0.40 -	personnel to support the clinical, teaching, educational, and research activities
II.D.1.	of the program. (Core) Resident Appointments	2.13.a. Section 3	of the program. (Core) Section 3: Resident Appointments
	Resident Appointments	OGCHOII 3	
			Eligibility Requirements An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
II.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
			Eligibility Requirements
	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible		An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
III.A.1.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the		graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the
	Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a		Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a
	college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the		college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the
	American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College		American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College
III.A.1.a)	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)

Requirement		56 "	
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(2)	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
III.A.2.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)	3.3.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
-	Resident Complement		
III.B.	The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)
III.B.1.	For APCP-4, on average, there should be at least two residents enrolled in each year of a program. (Detail)	3.4.a.	For APCP-4, on average, there should be at least two residents enrolled in each year of a program. (Detail)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Poquiroment Lenguege	Reformatted	De muinement l'en muser
Numerais		Requirement Number	Requirement Language
III.C.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
IV.A.	Educational Components	4.2.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
IV.A.1.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.a.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)
	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive		delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive
IV.A.3.		4.2.c.	responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)
IV.A.4.	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core	4.2.d. 4.11.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core) Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
,	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals,		formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals,
IV.A.5.	tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	tools, and techniques. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each specialty.
	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the		
IV.B.1.	curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
	Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a)	adherence to ethical principles. (Core)	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
			ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.a).(1).(a)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(b)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)	4.3.b.	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(c)	cultural humility; (Core)	4.3.c.	cultural humility; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(d)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)	4.3.d.	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(e)	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(f)	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)	4.3.f.	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(g)	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)	4.3.g.	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(h)	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)	4.3.h.	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health.	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3)		Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in addressing laboratory quality,
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.4.a.	safety, and management issues, with appropriate support. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(i)	addressing laboratory quality, safety, and management issues, with appropriate support; (Core)	4.4.a.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in addressing laboratory quality, safety, and management issues, with appropriate support. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(ii)	interpreting laboratory data as part of patient-care decision-making; (Core)	4.4.a.1.	Residents must demonstrate competence in interpreting laboratory data as part of patient-care decision-making; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iii)	interpreting laboratory tests, including:	4.4.a.2.	Residents must demonstrate competence in interpreting laboratory tests, including:

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iii).(a)	hematopathology (e.g. body fluids, bone marrow aspirates and biopsies, lymph node biopsies, and peripheral smears); and, (Core)	4.4.a.2.a.	hematopathology (e.g. body fluids, bone marrow aspirates and biopsies, lymph node biopsies, and peripheral smears); and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iii).(b)	molecular pathology. (Core)	4.4.a.2.b.	molecular pathology. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iv)	providing appropriate and effective pathology services consultation; and, (Core)	4.4.a.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in providing appropriate and effective pathology services consultation. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(v)	providing medical advice on the diagnosis and management of diseases, and laboratory test selection and interpretation. (Core)	4.4.a.4.	Residents must demonstrate competence in providing medical advice on the diagnosis and management of diseases, and laboratory test selection and interpretation. (Core)
	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3)		Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in examining and diagnosing gynecologic, non-gynecologic, and fine needle aspiration cytology specimens.
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.4.b.	(Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(i)	examining and diagnosing gynecologic, non-gynecologic, and fine needle aspiration cytology specimens; (Core)	4.4.b.	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in examining and diagnosing gynecologic, non-gynecologic, and fine needle aspiration cytology specimens. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(ii)	examining and diagnosing surgical pathology specimens; and, (Core)	4.4.b.1	Residents must demonstrate competence in examining and diagnosing surgical pathology specimens. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(iii)	providing cytologic-histologic correlation. (Core)	4.4.b.2	Residents must demonstrate competence in providing cytologic-histologic correlation. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c)	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.4.c.	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in transfusion medicine. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c).(i)	interpreting laboratory tests, including:	4.4.c.1.	Residents must demonstrate competence in interpreting laboratory tests, including:
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c).(i).(a)	chemistry; (Core)	4.4.c.1.a.	chemistry; (Core)
	hematology and coagulation; and, (Core)	4.4.c.1.b.	hematology and coagulation; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c).(i).(c)	microbiology. (Core)	4.4.c.1.c.	microbiology. (Core)
, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (3, ()		Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c).(ii)	transfusion medicine. (Core)	4.4.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in transfusion medicine. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2)	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Procedural Skills: Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV D 4 b) (2) (a)	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3)	45.0	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in all aspects of an autopsy, as
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a) IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(i).(a)	Residents must demonstrate competence in: all aspects of an autopsy, as appropriate to the case; (Core)	4.5.a. 4.5.a.	appropriate to the case. (Core) Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate competence in all aspects of an autopsy, as appropriate to the case. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(i).(b)	assessing the adequacy and appropriate triage of fine needle aspiration specimens; (Core)	4.5.a.1	Residents must demonstrate competence in assessing the adequacy and appropriate triage of fine needle aspiration specimens. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(i).(c)	gross examination of surgical pathology specimens; and, (Core)	4.5.a.2	Residents must demonstrate competence in gross examination of surgical pathology specimens. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(i).(d)	performing and diagnosing intra-operative consultations including frozen sections. (Core)	4.5.a.3	Residents must demonstrate competence in performing and diagnosing intra- operative consultations including frozen sections. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of:	4.6.a.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of pathogenesis, diagnostic techniques, and prognostic factors for disease processes commonly analyzed and diagnosed by laboratory and pathologic methods, as matches the program's specialty concentration. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(a)	pathogenesis, diagnostic techniques, and prognostic factors for disease processes commonly analyzed and diagnosed by laboratory and pathologic methods, as matches the program's specialty concentration; (Core)	4.6.a.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of pathogenesis, diagnostic techniques, and prognostic factors for disease processes commonly analyzed and diagnosed by laboratory and pathologic methods, as matches the program's specialty concentration. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(b)	statistical concepts used in the evaluation of testing procedures and test results, including sensitivity, specificity, predictive value, correlation studies, and reference range determination; and, (Core)	4.6.a.1.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of statistical concepts used in the evaluation of testing procedures and test results, including sensitivity, specificity, predictive value, correlation studies, and reference range determination. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(c)	the principles of laboratory management, inspection, and accreditation. (Core)	4.6.a.2.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of the principles of laboratory management, inspection, and accreditation. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2)	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of:	4.6.b.	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of fine needle aspirations, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2).(a)	fine needle aspirations, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation. (Core)	4.6.b.	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of fine needle aspirations, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3)	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of:	4.6.c.	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of apheresis, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(a)	apheresis, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation; (Core)	4.6.c.	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Residents must demonstrate knowledge of apheresis, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(b)	bone marrow procedures, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation; and, (Core)	4.6.c.1.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of bone marrow procedures, including indications, complications, safety considerations, and specimen preparation. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(c)	histocompatibility. (Core)	4.6.c.2.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of histocompatibility. (Core)
IV.B.1.d)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning; (Core)	4 .7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.1.d).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.d).(1).(a)	identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and improvement goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing appropriate learning activities. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(d)	systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement; (Core)	4.7.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(e)	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and, (Core)	4.7.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(f)	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)	4.7.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(g)	performing a quality improvement project; and, (Core)	4.7.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in performing a quality improvement project. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(h)	evaluating personal practice using an individualized learning plan and portfolio. (Core)	4.7.h.	Residents must demonstrate competence in evaluating personal practice using an individualized learning plan and portfolio. (Core)
IV.B.1.e)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in	[None]	
IV.B.1.e).(1).(a)	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(b)	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(c)	working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group; (Core)	4.8.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(d)	educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals; (Core)	4.8.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(e)	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals; (Core)	4.8.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)	4.8.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(2)	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	1 0 0
IV.B.1.e).(2).(a)	communicating effectively both verbally and in writing; and, (Core)	4.8.h.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively both verbally and in writing. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(2).(b)	generating comprehensive pathology and consultation reports. (Core)	4.8.i.	Residents must demonstrate competence in generating comprehensive pathology and consultation reports. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).	Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)	coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(c)	advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems; (Core)	4.9.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions; (Core)	4.9.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(e)	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate;(Core)	4.9.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions; and, (Core)	4.9.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)	4.9.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)
IV.B.1.f).(2)	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.9.h.	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			4.10. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
			4.11. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	4.12. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)		Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	There should be one faculty member who is responsible for the educational experience on each rotation, to ensure supervisory continuity. (Core)	4.10.a.	There should be one faculty member who is responsible for the educational experience on each rotation, to ensure supervisory continuity. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the	4.12.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management: The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.3.	Resident experiences must be designed to allow appropriate faculty member supervision such that residents progress to the performance of assigned clinical responsibilities under oversight, as defined in VI.A.2.c).(3), in order to demonstrate their ability to enter the autonomous practice of anatomic and/or clinical pathology prior to completion of the program. (Core)	4.11.a.	Resident experiences must be designed to allow appropriate faculty member supervision such that residents progress to the performance of assigned clinical responsibilities under Oversight, as defined in 6.8. – 6.11., in order to demonstrate their ability to enter the autonomous practice of anatomic and/or clinical pathology prior to completion of the program. (Core)
IV.C.4.	The program must provide instruction and experience in statistical concepts used in the evaluation of testing procedures and test results, including sensitivity, specificity, predictive value, correlation studies, and reference range determination. (Core)	4.11.b.	The program must provide instruction and experience in statistical concepts used in the evaluation of testing procedures and test results, including sensitivity, specificity, predictive value, correlation studies, and reference range determination. (Core)
IV.C.5.	The APCP-4 curriculum must include a minimum of 18 months of core anatomic pathology and 18 months of core clinical pathology education. (Core)	4.11.c.	The APCP-4 curriculum must include a minimum of 18 months of core anatomic pathology and 18 months of core clinical pathology education. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.C.5.a)	The remaining 12 months should be a continuation of structured anatomic pathology and/or clinical pathology education, or should be devoted to a specialized facet of pathology, which may include up to six months of research, as determined by the program director in conjunction with the Clinical Competency Committee and/or Pathology Education Committee and the resident. (Detail)	4.11.c.1.	The remaining 12 months should be a continuation of structured anatomic pathology and/or clinical pathology education, or should be devoted to a specialized facet of pathology, which may include up to six months of research, as determined by the program director in conjunction with the Clinical Competency Committee and/or Pathology Education Committee and the resident. (Detail)
IV.C.6.	The AP-3 and CP-3 curricula must respectively include a minimum of 24 months of core anatomic pathology (AP-3) or core clinical pathology (CP-3) education. (Core)	4.11.d.	The AP-3 and CP-3 curricula must respectively include a minimum of 24 months of core anatomic pathology (AP-3) or core clinical pathology (CP-3) education. (Core)
IV.C.6.a)	The remaining 12 months should be devoted to a specialized facet of pathology, which may include up to six months of research, as determined by the program director in conjunction with the Clinical Competency Committee and/or Pathology Education Committee and the resident. (Detail)	4.11.d.1.	The remaining 12 months should be devoted to a specialized facet of pathology, which may include up to six months of research, as determined by the program director in conjunction with the Clinical Competency Committee and/or Pathology Education Committee and the resident. (Detail)
IV.C.7.	Residents' experience must be augmented by course materials and study sets, such as glass slides or virtual sets, including unusual cases, as well as by didactic/interactive sessions, such as seminars, departmental conferences, multidisciplinary conferences, lectures, and journal clubs. (Core)	4.11.e.	Residents' experience must be augmented by course materials and study sets, such as glass slides or virtual sets, including unusual cases, as well as by didactic/interactive sessions, such as seminars, departmental conferences, multidisciplinary conferences, lectures, and journal clubs. (Core)
IV.C.7.a)	There must be regularly scheduled seminars and conferences devoted to the basic and applied medical sciences, as well as clinical correlation conferences. (Core)	4.11.e.1.	There must be regularly scheduled seminars and conferences devoted to the basic and applied medical sciences, as well as clinical correlation conferences. (Core)
IV.C.7.b)	There must be departmental conferences, in which both faculty members and residents participate, for detailed discussion of difficult and unusual cases. (Core)	4.11.e.2.	There must be departmental conferences, in which both faculty members and residents participate, for detailed discussion of difficult and unusual cases. (Core)
IV.C.7.b).(1)	The program director and faculty members should monitor and evaluate the residents' effectiveness as teachers. (Detail)	4.11.e.2.a.	The program director and faculty members should monitor and evaluate the residents' effectiveness as teachers. (Detail)
IV.C.7.b).(2)	There should be clinical correlation conferences (e.g., a pediatric mortality conference) held with clinical services such as diagnostic radiology, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, and surgery, and their subspecialties. (Detail)	4.11.e.2.b.	There should be clinical correlation conferences (e.g., a pediatric mortality conference) held with clinical services such as diagnostic radiology, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, and surgery, and their subspecialties. (Detail)
IV.C.8.	All education must occur under the direction of the program director or a designated member of the faculty. (Core)	4.11.f.	All education must occur under the direction of the program director or a designated member of the faculty. (Core)
IV.C.9.	Residents must participate in the regular, formal, clinical and teaching rounds corresponding to the laboratory services to which they are assigned. (Core)	4.11.g.	Residents must participate in the regular, formal, clinical and teaching rounds corresponding to the laboratory services to which they are assigned. (Core)
IV.C.9.a)	These educational experiences may be provided in separate, exclusive rotations, in rotations that combine more than one area, or by other means, but all rotations and other assignments must conform to the educational goals and objectives of the program. (Detail)	4.11.g.1.	These educational experiences may be provided in separate, exclusive rotations, in rotations that combine more than one area, or by other means, but all rotations and other assignments must conform to the educational goals and objectives of the program. (Detail)
/ IV.C.9.b)	Residents must participate in pathology conferences, rounds, teaching, and	4.11.g.2.	Residents must participate in pathology conferences, rounds, teaching, and scholarly activity. (Core)
IV.C.10.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3)	4.11.h.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Resident experiences must include education in:
IV.C.10.a)		4.11.h.	Anatomic and Clinical Pathology (APCP-4, AP-3, and CP-3) Resident experiences must include education in:
IV.C.10.a).(1)	clinical informatics; (Core)	4.11.h.1.	clinical informatics; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(2)		4.11.h.2.	cytogenetics; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(3)	flow cytometry; (Core)	4.11.h.3.	flow cytometry; (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.C.10.a).(4)	laboratory accreditation and inspection; (Core)	4.11.h.4.	laboratory accreditation and inspection; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(5)	laboratory budgeting, including expense and revenue calculations and projections; (Core)	4.11.h.5.	laboratory budgeting, including expense and revenue calculations and projections; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(6)	laboratory management, including coding and billing compliance; (Core)	4.11.h.6.	laboratory management, including coding and billing compliance; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(7)	molecular pathology; (Core)	4.11.h.7.	molecular pathology; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(8)	patient, provider, and laboratory safety; (Core)	4.11.h.8.	patient, provider, and laboratory safety; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(9)	principles of human resource management; (Core)	4.11.h.9.	principles of human resource management; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(10)	proficiency testing; (Core)	4.11.h.10.	proficiency testing; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(11)	public health reporting; (Core)	4.11.h.11.	public health reporting; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(12)	test method validation and verification; (Core)	4.11.h.12.	test method validation and verification; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(13)	the use of hospital and laboratory information systems; (Core)	4.11.h.13.	the use of hospital and laboratory information systems; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(14)		4.11.h.14.	quality assurance; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(15)	. ,	4.11.h.15.	quality improvement; (Core)
		4.11.h.16.	laboratory regulations and regulatory compliance; (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(17)	risk management; and, (Core)	4.11.h.17.	risk management; and, (Core)
IV.C.10.a).(18)	· · · ·	4.11.h.18.	other advanced diagnostic techniques as they become available. (Core)
IV.C.10.b)	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[None]	j 1 , (- ,
IV.C.10.b).(1)		4.11.i.	Residents must participate in a quality improvement project. (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(2)		4.11.j.	Residents must participate in laboratory accreditation inspections or mock inspections. (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(3)	laboratory proficiency testing process, including review of results; (Core)	4.11.k.	Residents must participate in laboratory proficiency testing process, including review of results. (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(4)	test method validation and verification; (Core)	4.11.l.	Residents must participate in test method validation and verification. (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(5)	the application of clinical informatics, including hospital, laboratory, and pathology information systems; and, (Core)	4.11.m.	Residents must participate in the application of clinical informatics, including hospital, laboratory, and pathology information systems. (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(6)	quality assurance activities. (Core)	4.11.n.	Residents must participate in quality assurance activities. (Core)
	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3)	4.11.o.	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Resident experiences in anatomic pathology must include education in:
•	Resident experiences in anatomic pathology must include education in:	4.11.o.	Anatomic Pathology (APCP-4 and AP-3) Resident experiences in anatomic pathology must include education in:
IV.C.11.a).(1)	autopsy and surgical pathology; (Core)	4.11.o.1.	autopsy and surgical pathology; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(2)		4.11.o.2.	cytopathology (including cytopreparatory techniques); (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(3)	dermatopathology; (Core)	4.11.o.3.	dermatopathology; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(4)	fine needle aspiration techniques; (Core)	4.11.o.4.	fine needle aspiration techniques; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(5)	1 031 ()	4.11.o.5.	forensic pathology; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(6)		4.11.o.6.	histochemistry; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(7)	1 051 ()	4.11.o.7.	immunopathology; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(8)	neuropathology; (Core)	4.11.o.8.	neuropathology; (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(9)	pediatric pathology; and, (Core)	4.11.o.9.	pediatric pathology; and, (Core)
IV.C.11.a).(10)	ultrastructural pathology. (Core)	4.11.o.10.	ultrastructural pathology. (Core)
IV.C.11.b)	Each resident must perform at least 30 autopsies. Autopsies may be shared, but no more than two residents may count a shared case toward this requirement. (Core)	4.11.p.	Each resident must perform at least 30 autopsies. Autopsies may be shared, but no more than two residents may count a shared case toward this requirement. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	The number of limited autopsies (e.g., chest or abdomen only), including single- organ autopsies (e.g., brain only, heart only) used to meet this requirement must		The number of limited autopsies (e.g., chest or abdomen only), including single- organ autopsies (e.g., brain only, heart only) used to meet this requirement
IV.C.11.b).(1)		4.11.p.1.	must not exceed five and must not be shared. (Core)
	To be counted as one of the required 30 cases, an autopsy must include, as		To be counted as one of the required 30 cases, an autopsy must include, as
IV.C.11.b).(2)	, , ,	4.11.p.2.	appropriate to the case: (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(a)	, ,	4.11.p.2.a.	review of the clinical history and circumstances of death; (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(b)	external examination of the body; (Core)	4.11.p.2.b.	external examination of the body; (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(c)	. , ,	4.11.p.2.c.	gross dissection, including organ evisceration; (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(d)		4.11.p.2.d.	review of microscopic and laboratory findings; (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(e)	preparation of written description of gross and microscopic findings; (Core)	4.11.p.2.e.	preparation of written description of gross and microscopic findings; (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(f)	development of opinion as to the cause of death; (Core)	4.11.p.2.f.	development of opinion as to the cause of death; (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(g)	clinical pathologic correlation; and, (Core)	4.11.p.2.g.	clinical pathologic correlation; and, (Core)
IV.C.11.b).(2).(h)	review of the autopsy report with a faculty member. (Core)	4.11.p.2.h.	review of the autopsy report with a faculty member. (Core)
IV.C.11.c)	Residents must have exposure to forensic, pediatric, perinatal, and stillborn autopsies. (Core)	4.11.q.	Residents must have exposure to forensic, pediatric, perinatal, and stillborn autopsies. (Core)
IV.C.11.d)	Residents must document all autopsies performed in the ACGME Case Log System. (Core)	4.11.r.	Residents must document all autopsies performed in the ACGME Case Log System. (Core)
IV.C.11.e)	Each resident must examine and assess at least 2000 surgical pathology specimens. (Core)	4.11.s.	Each resident must examine and assess at least 2000 surgical pathology specimens. (Core)
IV.C.11.e).(1)	This material must be from an adequate mix of cases to ensure exposure to both common and uncommon conditions. (Core)	4.11.s.1.	This material must be from an adequate mix of cases to ensure exposure to both common and uncommon conditions. (Core)
IV.C.11.e).(2)	Residents must preview their cases prior to sign-out with an attending pathologist. (Core)	4.11.s.2.	Residents must preview their cases prior to sign-out with an attending pathologist. (Core)
IV.C.11.e).(3)	Residents must formulate a microscopic diagnosis for the majority of cases they examine grossly. (Core)	4.11.s.3.	Residents must formulate a microscopic diagnosis for the majority of cases they examine grossly. (Core)
IV.C.11.f)	Each resident must perform at least 200 intra-operative consultations. (Core)	4.11.t.	Each resident must perform at least 200 intra-operative consultations. (Core)
IV.C.11.g)	Each resident must examine at least 1,500 cytologic specimens, including a	4.11.u.	Each resident must examine at least 1,500 cytologic specimens, including a variety of both exfoliative and aspiration specimens. (Core)
IV.C.12.	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3)	4.11.v.	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Resident experiences in clinical pathology must include education in:
IV.C.12.a)	Resident experiences in clinical pathology must include education in:	4.11.v.	Clinical Pathology (APCP-4 and CP-3) Resident experiences in clinical pathology must include education in:
IV.C.12.a).(1)	bone marrow aspiration techniques; (Core)	4.11.v.1.	bone marrow aspiration techniques; (Core)
IV.C.12.a).(2)	blood banking/transfusion medicine; (Core)	4.11.v.2.	blood banking/transfusion medicine; (Core)
IV.C.12.a).(3)	chemical pathology; (Core)	4.11.v.3.	chemical pathology; (Core)
IV.C.12.a).(4)	coagulation; (Core)	4.11.v.4.	coagulation; (Core)
IV.C.12.a).(5)		4.11.v.5.	hematology; (Core)
IV.C.12.a).(6)		4.11.v.6.	medical microscopy (including urinalysis); and, (Core)
IV.C.12.a).(7)	microbiology (including bacteriology, mycology, parasitology, and virology).	4.11.v.7.	microbiology (including bacteriology, mycology, parasitology, and virology). (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Scholarship		Scholarship
	Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.		Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.
IV.D.	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.b).(1)	The program should provide an environment that promotes research and/or scholarly activity by the residents. (Detail)	4.13.a.1.	The program should provide an environment that promotes research and/or scholarly activity by the residents. (Detail)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)
			Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
			 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives
			 Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	editorial boards • Innovations in education

Requirement			
Number - Roman	Deguinement Lenguage	Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
	 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants 		 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants
	 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports 		 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports
	 Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials 		• Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials
IV.D.2.a)	 Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education 	4.14.	 Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b)	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-
	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or		peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(1)	serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(2)	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a)	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
			Each resident should participate in at least one of the following: (Core)
			• research; (Detail)
			evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.a).(1)	Each resident should participate in at least one of the following: (Core)	4.15.a.	preparation/submission of articles for peer-reviewed publication. (Detail)
			Each resident should participate in at least one of the following: (Core)
			• research; (Detail)
			evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.a).(1).(a)	research; (Detail)	4.15.a.	preparation/submission of articles for peer-reviewed publication. (Detail)
			Each resident should participate in at least one of the following: (Core)
			• research; (Detail)
			evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.a).(1).(b)	evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); or, (Detail)	4.15.a.	preparation/submission of articles for peer-reviewed publication. (Detail)

Requirement Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Each resident should participate in at least one of the following: (Core)
			• research; (Detail)
			• evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.a).(1).(c)	preparation/submission of articles for peer-reviewed publication. (Detail)	4.15.a.	• preparation/submission of articles for peer-reviewed publication. (Detail)
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1 h	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and	5.1.b.1.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward	5.1.b.2.	The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical	[None]	The second of th
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
V.A.1.d).(3)	, ,	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
V.A.1.f).	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)
V.A.1.g)	Resident assessment must include a resident learning portfolio. (Core)	5.1.g.1.	Resident assessment must include a resident learning portfolio. (Core)
V.A.1.g).(1)	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of:	[None]	
V.A.1.g).(1).(a)	case procedure log(s) if applicable to the program's specialty concentration; (Detail)	5.1.g.1.a.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of case procedure log(s) if applicable to the program's specialty concentration. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(b)	regional, national, or international conferences, courses, and meetings attended; (Detail)	5.1.g.1.b.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of regional, national, or international conferences, courses, and meetings attended. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(c)	presentations at intra- or extra-mural conferences; (Detail)	5.1.g.1.c.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of presentations at intra- or extra-mural conferences. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(d)	performance on yearly resident in-service examinations; (Detail)	5.1.g.1.d.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of performance on yearly resident in-service examinations. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(e)	annual resident self-assessment and learning plan; (Detail)	5.1.g.1.e.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of annual resident self-assessment and learning plan. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(f)	quality improvement projects; (Detail)	5.1.g.1.f.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of quality improvement projects. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(g)	scholarly activity; and, (Detail)	5.1.g.1.g.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of scholarly activity. (Detail)
V.A.1.g).(1).(h)	other materials pertinent to the educational experience of the resident, as determined by the program director. (Detail)	5.1.g.1.h.	This portfolio should include, at a minimum, documentation of other materials pertinent to the educational experience of the resident, as determined by the program director. (Detail)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V A O -> /4>	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to	50-	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to
V.A.2.a).(1)		5.2.a.	engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	The final evaluation would be come and of the west-levels assumed to
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and		The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice.
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	(Core)

Requirement		Deferment	
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
110111010110	i io quii o iii o ii o quii o ii o quii o ii o		The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	the program. (Core)
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	Clinical Competency Committee A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)
V.A.3.a).(1)	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)	5.3.b.	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
V.A.3.b).(1)		5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.d.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.a)	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)
V.B.3.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
v.c.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	·	Requirement Number	i ü
	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two		The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two
V.C.1.a)	program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)	5.5.a.	program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	, ,	[None]	and at least one resident. (Core)
V.O. 1.0)	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward	[itolie]	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the
V.C.1.b).(1)		5.5.b.	program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.O.1.8).(1)		0.0.0.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding
	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new		ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals,
V.C.1.b).(2)		5.5.c.	based upon outcomes. (Core)
, , ,			Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the
	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths,		current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges,
	challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission		opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims.
V.C.1.b).(3)	and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	(Core)
	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from		The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from
	prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written		prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written
V C 4 a)	evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of	F. F. o	evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of
V.C.1.c)		5.5.e.	the program. (Core)
V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
v.o.1.u)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be	3.3.1.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be
	distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the		distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the
V.C.1.e)		5.5.g.	teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.		5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
			Board Certification
	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who		One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who
	seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of		seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of
	the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.		the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.
	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to		The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to
	take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board		take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board
V.C.3.	of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic	[None]	of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic
V.C.3.	Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	Association (AOA) certifying board.
	For appointing in which the ADMC mamber beard and/or ACA confictions		Board Certification
	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the		For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the
	program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first		program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first
	time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that		time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that
V.C.3.a)		5.6.	specialty. (Outcome)
	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying		For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying
	board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the		board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the
	program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first		program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first
	time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that		time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that
V.C.3.b)	specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	specialty. (Outcome)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	3.03
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)
V.O.O)		0.0.0.	Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	The Learning and Working Environment		The Learning and Working Environment
	Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	,	[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(1)	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.

Requirement			
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Paguirement Language
Numerals	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in	Requirement Number	Requirement Language The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)		6.1.	patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
	Patient Safety Events		Patient Safety Events
	Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback		Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback
VI.A.1.a).(2)	and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.	[None]	and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members	[None]	changes to amenorate patient safety vumerabilities.
	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and,	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and	6.4.	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
			Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.		Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.a)	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI A 2 b) (4)	Direct Supervision	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision	0.7.	

Requirement			
Number - Roman Numerals	Poquirement Language	Reformatted	Demoissement Longue
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	·
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)		6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in VI.A.2.b).(1).(a). (Core)	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a)	Each PGY-1 resident must be directly supervised during performance of, at least, his or her three initial procedures in the following areas, if offered by the program: (Core)	6.7.b.	Each PGY-1 resident must be directly supervised during performance of, at least, his or her three initial procedures in the following areas, if offered by the program: (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a). (i)	apheresis; (Detail)	6.7.b.1.	apheresis; (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a). (ii)	autopsies (complete or limited); (Detail)	6.7.b.2.	autopsies (complete or limited); (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a). (iii)	bone marrow biopsies and aspirates; (Detail)	6.7.b.3.	bone marrow biopsies and aspirates; (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a). (iv)	fine needle aspirations and interpretation of the aspirate, or, (Detail)	6.7.b.4.	fine needle aspirations and interpretation of the aspirate, or, (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a). (v)	frozen sections; and, (Detail)	6.7.b.5.	frozen sections; and, (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a). (vi)	gross dissection of complex surgical pathology specimens by organ system. (Detail)	6.7.b.6.	gross dissection of complex surgical pathology specimens by organ system. (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(b)	Only a surgical pathology fellow, a resident who has completed at least 12 months of anatomic pathology education, a pathologist's assistant, or an attending pathologist may directly supervise the gross dissection of surgical pathology specimens and/or autopsies. (Detail)	6.7.c.	Only a surgical pathology fellow, a resident who has completed at least 12 months of anatomic pathology education, a pathologist's assistant, or an attending pathologist may directly supervise the gross dissection of surgical pathology specimens and/or autopsies. (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(c)	Only a blood banking/transfusion medicine fellow, a clinical hematology-oncology fellow, a clinical nephrology fellow, a resident who has completed at least 12 months of clinical pathology education, including core training in apheresis, or an attending physician credentialed for apheresis may directly supervise apheresis. (Detail)	6.7.d.	Only a blood banking/transfusion medicine fellow, a clinical hematology-oncology fellow, a clinical nephrology fellow, a resident who has completed at least 12 months of clinical pathology education, including core training in apheresis, or an attending physician credentialed for apheresis may directly supervise apheresis. (Detail)
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b)	the supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.

Requirement Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.2.b).(3) VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising	[None] 6.8.	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered. The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	patients. (Ooie)
VI.B.2.a)	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-	6.12.a.	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)
VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)
VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
VI.C.	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.	[None]	Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals		Requirement Number	1 0 0
VI.C.1.c)	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of residents and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)
VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	, , ,
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
VI.E.2.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.E.2.a)	Administrative staff members, autopsy and pathologist's assistants, technologists, clinical laboratory staff members, and nurses should be included as parts of interdisciplinary teams. (Detail)	6.18.a.	Administrative staff members, autopsy and pathologist's assistants, technologists, clinical laboratory staff members, and nurses should be included as parts of interdisciplinary teams. (Detail)
VI.E.2.b)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to work and communicate with health care professionals to provide effective, patient-focused care. (Core)	6.18.b.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to work and communicate with health care professionals to provide effective, patient-focused care. (Core)
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)		Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Poguirement Language
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be	6.22.a.	Requirement Language Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
VI.F.4.c)	The Review Committee for Pathology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.	6.24.	The Review Committee for Pathology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.5.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)	6.25.b.	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)	6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in- seven requirements. (Core)

Requirement Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)