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	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship.		Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship.
	Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.	[None]	Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty
Int.A. (Continued)	members, students, and all members of the health care team.	[None] - (Continued)	members, students, and all members of the health care team.

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Specialty General surgeons possess comprehensive specialized knowledge and skills that enable them to provide patient-centered care related to the evaluation, diagnosis, and operative and non-operative treatment across the five phases of care (pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up). This includes the management of complications across the spectrum of ages for elective, urgent, and emergent conditions. General surgeons have expertise in evaluating and managing the whole patient, including medical and psychosocial concerns. The practice of general surgery includes surgical disorders of the abdomen and its contents, the alimentary tract, skin, soft tissues, breast, and endocrine organs; and patient populations inclusive of oncologic, vascular, pediatric, palliative care, trauma, and critical care. Some general surgeons pursue additional training in such fields as pediatric surgery, surgical critical care, surgical oncology, vascular surgery, trauma surgery, hospice and palliative medicine, transplant surgery, and other areas of specialized focus. The practice further involves adequate knowledge and experience for the assessment and requisite emergency surgical stabilization and management of severe conditions of the cardiothoracic, gynecologic, neurologic, otolaryngologic, and urologic systems and indications for specialty consultations. To provide optimal comprehensive care, the general surgeon must effectively function in interprofessional and multidisciplinary teams, frequently serving in a		Definition of Specialty General surgeons possess comprehensive specialized knowledge and skills that enable them to provide patient-centered care related to the evaluation, diagnosis, and operative and non-operative treatment across the five phases of care (pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up). This includes the management of complications across the spectrum of ages for elective, urgent, and emergent conditions. General surgeons have expertise in evaluating and managing the whole patient, including medical and psychosocial concerns. The practice of general surgery includes surgical disorders of the abdomen and its contents, the alimentary tract, skin, soft tissues, breast, and endocrine organs; and patient populations inclusive of oncologic, vascular, pediatric, palliative care, trauma, and critical care. Some general surgeons pursue additional training in such fields as pediatric surgery, surgical critical care, surgical oncology, vascular surgery, trauma surgery, hospice and palliative medicine, transplant surgery, and other areas of specialized focus. The practice further involves adequate knowledge and experience for the assessment and requisite emergency surgical stabilization and management of severe conditions of the cardiothoracic, gynecologic, neurologic, otolaryngologic, and urologic systems and indications for specialty consultations. To provide optimal comprehensive care, the general surgeon must effectively function in interprofessional and multidisciplinary teams, frequently serving in a
Int.B.	leadership role. General surgeons are collaborative leaders who lead by example and effectively practice interprofessional team-based care.	[None]	leadership role. General surgeons are collaborative leaders who lead by example and effectively practice interprofessional team-based care.

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	General surgeons analyze the scientific literature, evaluate their surgical outcomes, and utilize data management science for continuous quality improvement. They communicate their conclusions to patients, patients' families and/or support systems, and colleagues with the goal of providing high-value and ethical patient-centered care. They are lifelong learners who adapt to advancing and emerging technologies and treatments. They understand and manage the business of medicine. They advocate for the sustainable and equitable delivery of surgical care. General surgeons have broad-based		General surgeons analyze the scientific literature, evaluate their surgical outcomes, and utilize data management science for continuous quality improvement. They communicate their conclusions to patients, patients' families and/or support systems, and colleagues with the goal of providing high-value and ethical patient-centered care. They are lifelong learners who adapt to advancing and emerging technologies and treatments. They understand and manage the business of medicine. They advocate for the sustainable and equitable delivery of surgical care. General surgeons have broad-based
	knowledge, strong critical thinking skills, and the flexibility to practice in a wide variety of inpatient and outpatient settings. General surgeons identify and mitigate comorbidities and social determinants of health as they relate to outcomes. They consult other specialists across their practice settings, including referral of patients to other levels of care when appropriate.		knowledge, strong critical thinking skills, and the flexibility to practice in a wide variety of inpatient and outpatient settings. General surgeons identify and mitigate comorbidities and social determinants of health as they relate to outcomes. They consult other specialists across their practice settings, including referral of patients to other levels of care when appropriate.
Int.B (Continued)	General surgeons use a broad set of communication skills with patients, patients' support teams, colleagues, treatment teams, communities, and health care managers and systems. This enables them to build relationships that optimize both their own and their teams' well-being. They find meaning, joy, and purpose in caring for patients. Through a collaborative and compassionate approach, general surgeons apply cognitive, scholarly, and technical skills for a relationship-oriented approach to comprehensive patient care.		General surgeons use a broad set of communication skills with patients, patients' support teams, colleagues, treatment teams, communities, and health care managers and systems. This enables them to build relationships that optimize both their own and their teams' well-being. They find meaning, joy, and purpose in caring for patients. Through a collaborative and compassionate approach, general surgeons apply cognitive, scholarly, and technical skills for a relationship-oriented approach to comprehensive patient care.
	Length of Educational Program		Length of Educational Program
Int.C.	The educational program in general surgery must be 60 months in length. (Core)	4.1.	The educational program in general surgery must be 60 months in length. (Core)
l.	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight
	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.		Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.
I.A.	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring	- <u>-</u>	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring
I.A.1.	Institution.	1.1.	Institution.
I.B.	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program		There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program
	and each participating site that governs the relationship between the		and each participating site that governs the relationship between the
I.B.2.	program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)
I.B.3.a).	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)
I.B.4.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.B.5.	A participating site must supplement resident education by providing focused clinical experience that is not available or insufficient at the primary clinical site. (Core)	1.6.a.	A participating site must supplement resident education by providing focused clinical experience that is not available or insufficient at the primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.5.a)	Resident assignments at a participating site that are six months or longer in duration must be approved in advance by the Review Committee. (Core)	1.6.a.1.	Resident assignments at a participating site that are six months or longer in duration must be approved in advance by the Review Committee. (Core)
I.B.5.b)	Participating site(s) should be in geographic proximity to allow all residents to attend core conferences. If the site is geographically remote and joint conferences cannot be held, an equivalent educational program at the site must occur and must be fully documented. (Core)	1.6.a.2.	Participating site(s) should be in geographic proximity to allow all residents to attend core conferences. If the site is geographically remote and joint conferences cannot be held, an equivalent educational program at the site must occur and must be fully documented. (Core)
I.B.5.c)	Chief residents (residents in the PGY-5 or residents in the PGY-4 and PGY-5 with approved chief rotations) must not be assigned to a participating site that sponsors or provides clinical training to another ACGME-accredited general surgery residency program without explicit delineation of roles and responsibilities to ensure that there is no overlap in clinical care, decision-making, or team leadership. (Core)	1.6.a.3.	Chief residents (residents in the PGY-5 or residents in the PGY-4 and PGY-5 with approved chief rotations) must not be assigned to a participating site that sponsors or provides clinical training to another ACGME-accredited general surgery residency program without explicit delineation of roles and responsibilities to ensure that there is no overlap in clinical care, decision-making, or team leadership. (Core)
I.B.5.c).(1)	Exceptions must be approved by the Review Committee and will be considered case by case based on educational value. (Core)	1.6.a.3.a.	Exceptions must be approved by the Review Committee and will be considered case by case based on educational value. (Core)
I.C.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
	The restaurant of the adadomic community (core)		Resources
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
I.D.1.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
I.D.1.a)	These resources must include:	[None]	
 D 4 = \ (4)	dedicated workspace and computer support adequate for residents to complete	4.0 -	These resources must include dedicated workspace and computer support
I.D.1.a).(1)		1.8.a.	adequate for residents to complete all educational and patient care tasks. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(2)	simulation and skills laboratories; (Core)	1.8.b.	These resources must include simulation and skills laboratories. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(3)	online surgical curricula; and, (Detail)	1.8.c.	These resources must include online surgical curricula. (Detail)
	a variety of currinal technology, including the equipment personary to perform		These resources must include a variety of surgical technology, including the
I.D.1.a).(4)	a variety of surgical technology, including the equipment necessary to perform minimally invasive, endoscopic, and open techniques. (Core)	1.8.d.	equipment necessary to perform minimally invasive, endoscopic, and open techniques. (Core)
1.Β. 1.α).(+)	The program must provide a volume, variety, and complexity of surgical cases	1.0.u.	The program must provide a volume, variety, and complexity of surgical cases
I.D.1.b)		1.8.e.	necessary for residents to achieve all of the required outcomes. (Core)
1.5.1.5)	The primary clinical site must routinely care for patients with a broad spectrum	1.0.0.	
	of surgical diseases and conditions, including a substantial portion of the		The primary clinical site must routinely care for patients with a broad spectrum of surgical diseases and conditions, including a substantial portion of the
	essential content areas in surgical education, incorporating a variety of surgical		essential content areas in surgical education, incorporating a variety of surgical
I.D.1.c)		1.8.f.	techniques. (Core)
,	The full spectrum of inpatient and outpatient surgical care of elective, urgent,		The full spectrum of inpatient and outpatient surgical care of elective, urgent,
	and emergent surgical diagnostic and therapeutic procedures must be available		and emergent surgical diagnostic and therapeutic procedures must be available
I.D.1.d)		1.8.g.	for resident education. (Core)
	The program must offer clinical experiences in a resource-limited environment.		The program must offer clinical experiences in a resource-limited environment.
I.D.1.e)	(Detail)	1.8.h.	(Detail)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote resident		healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote
I.D.2.	well-being and provide for:	1.9.	resident well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible		safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible
I.D.2.b)		1.9.b.	for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
ID 2 a)	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,	1.9.c.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,
I.D.2.c)		1.3.6.	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.d)	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)	1.9.d.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)
1.D.Z.u)	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the	1.9.u.	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the
I.D.2.e)		1.9.e.	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
,	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other		Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other
	appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must		appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must
	include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text		include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text
I.D.3.		1.10.	capabilities. (Core)
	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel		
	Caro Education and House Gard Fordonno		Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including,		The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including,
	but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,		but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,
	and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the		and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the
I.E.	appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	appointed residents' education. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
I.E.1.	All learners in both ACGME-accredited and non-accredited programs at the primary clinical site and participating site(s) that may impact the educational experience of the surgery residents must be identified, and their relationship to the surgery residents must be detailed initially, with any changes reported to the DIO and Graduate Medical Education Committee (GMEC). (Core)	1.11.a.	All learners in both ACGME-accredited and non-accredited programs at the primary clinical site and participating site(s) that may impact the educational experience of the surgery residents must be identified, and their relationship to the surgery residents must be detailed initially, with any changes reported to the DIO and Graduate Medical Education Committee (GMEC). (Core)
II.	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
II.A.1.a).(1)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)	2.2.a.	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.1.b)	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)	2.3.	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)
II.A.1.b).(1)	The program director's initial appointment should be for at least six years. (Detail)	2.3.a.	The program director's initial appointment should be for at least six years. (Detail)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.4.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)

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	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. Additional support for program leadership must be provided as specified below. This additional support may be for the program director only or divided among the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)		At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. Additional support for program leadership must be provided as specified below. This additional support may be for the program director only or divided among the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)
	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 1-6 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.2 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: n/a		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 1-6 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.2 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: n/a
	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.25 Minimum		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.25 Minimum
	Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: n/a		Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: n/a
	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 11-20 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.30 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: n/a		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 11-20 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.30 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: n/a
	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 21-30 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.30 Minimum		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 21-30 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.30 Minimum
	Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.10		Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.10
II.A.2.a)	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 31-40 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.40 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.10	2.4.a.	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 31-40 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.40 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.10

Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 41-50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.40 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.40 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.40 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Dir	Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Poguirement Language
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Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.40 Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 81-90 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: ≥91 Minimum Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 There must be at least one associate program director with a aggregate minimum of 10 percent FTE support for programs with more than 20 residents. (Core) The associate program director's initial appointment should be for at least three years. (Detail) Qualifications of the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: ≥91 Minimum Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregat		Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 61-70 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.30
Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.50 Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: ≥91 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director The Program Director Interest Program Directo		Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 71-80 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.40
Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 There must be at least one associate program director with a aggregate minimum of 10 percent FTE support for programs with more than 20 residents. (Core) The associate program director's initial appointment should be for at least three years. (Detail) The associate program director's initial appointment should be for at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise. (Core) Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60 There must be at least one associate program director with an aggregate minimum of 10 percent FTE support for programs with more than 20 residents. (Core) 2.4.b. Qualifications of the Program Director The associate program director's initial appointment should be for years. (Detail) Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of document		Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum		Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: 81-90 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.50
minimum of 10 percent FTE support for programs with more than 20 residents. (Core) The associate program director's initial appointment should be for at least three years. (Detail) The associate program director's initial appointment should be for at least three years. (Detail) Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative exper qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative exper qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core) II.A.3.a) II.A.2.b).(1) The associate program director's initial appointment should be for years. (Detail) Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	II.A.2.a) - (Continued)	Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum	2.4.a (Continued)	Number of Approved Categorical and Preliminary Resident Positions: ≥91 Minimum Support Required (FTE) for the Program Director: 0.50 Minimum Additional FTE Support Required for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.60
II.A.2.b).(1) years. (Detail) years. (Detail) years. (Detail)	II.A.2.b)	minimum of 10 percent FTE support for programs with more than 20 residents.	2.4.b.	There must be at least one associate program director with an aggregate minimum of 10 percent FTE support for programs with more than 20 residents. (Core)
The program director must possess specialty expertise and ary ears of documented educational and/or administrative experting qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educations of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educational and/or administrative experting and at years of documented educations acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	II.A.2.b).(1)	. •	2.4.b.1.	The associate program director's initial appointment should be for at least three years. (Detail)
must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core) The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented years of documented educational and/or administrative expertise and at least three years of documented years of documented years of documented years of documented to the Review Committee. (Core)	II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.5.	The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or
must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the	II.A.3.a)	educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable	2.5.	The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or
program director by the American Board of Surgery or by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or specialty qualifications that are for which they are the program director by the American Board or by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or specialty	ш А 3 Ь)	Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or specialty qualifications that are	252	The program director must possess current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Surgery or by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or specialty
	,			qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			The program director must demonstrate ongoing scholarly activity. (Core)

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Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	Program Director Responsibilities		
			Program Director Responsibilities
	The program director must have responsibility, authority, and		The program director must have responsibility, authority, and
	accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly		accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly
	activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of		activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of
	residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident		residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident
II.A.4.		2.6.	education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	
II.A.4.a).(1)	. •	2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
7.77	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of		The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion
	the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the		consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the
II.A.4.a).(2)		2.6.b.	Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
	Important to the program, (core)		The program director must administer and maintain a learning
	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating		environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME
II.A.4.a).(3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.6.c.	Competency domains. (Core)
11.A.+.a).(3)	the residents in each of the Acomic competency domains, (core)	2.0.6.	` ` ` ` ` `
			The program director must have the authority to approve or remove
	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as		physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating
	faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of		sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must
II A 4 a) (4)	core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to	0 C 4	develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval.
II.A.4.a).(4)		2.6.d.	(Core)
	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions		The program director must have the authority to remove residents from
	and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the		supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet
II.A.4.a).(5)		2.6.e.	the standards of the program. (Core)
	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the		The program director must submit accurate and complete information
II.A.4.a).(6)		2.6.f.	required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the		The program director must provide a learning and working environment in
	opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback		which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report
	in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or		mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as
II.A.4.a).(7)	retaliation; (Core)	2.6.g.	appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances
	when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew		and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or
II.A.4.a).(8)	the appointment of a resident; (Core)	2.6.h.	not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)
			The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-
II.A.4.a).(9)	policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.6.i.	discrimination. (Core)
	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or		Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	restrictive covenant. (Core)
			The program director must document verification of education for all
	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of		residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program.
II.A.4.a).(10)	completion of or departure from the program; and, (Core)	2.6.j.	(Core)
	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the		The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's
II.A.4.a).(11)	·	2.6.k.	education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)
, , ,	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to		The program director must provide applicants who are offered an
	the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s).		interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the
	Ittle applicant 3 engining for the relevant Specially board examinations.		

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Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
II.B.	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.	[None]	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.
	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to		There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to
II.B.1.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)	2.7.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
II.B.2.	Faculty members must:	[None]	Faculty Dagger at hilities
 II.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.8.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
π.σ.ε.α)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality,	2.0.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe,
II.B.2.b)	cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including		Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of
	devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their		residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to
II.B.2.c)	supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to		Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational
II.B.2.d)	educating residents; (Core)	2.8.c.	environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal		Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical
II.B.2.e)	clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.8.d.	discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least		Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance
II.B.2.f)	annually: (Core)	2.8.e.	their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(2)	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)	2.8.e.2.	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(4)	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(5)	utilize competency-based education models and evaluation tools. (Core)	2.8.f.	Faculty members must utilize competency-based education models and evaluation tools. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a).(1)	As a group, the core faculty should demonstrate a diversity of educational expertise and clinical/operative practice. (Core)	2.9.a.	As a group, the core faculty should demonstrate a diversity of educational expertise and clinical/operative practice. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	2.10.	Physician Faculty Members Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Surgery or the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.3.b).(1)	have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Surgery or the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.10.	Physician Faculty Members Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Surgery or the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.4.	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to residents. (Core)	2.11.	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to residents. (Core)
II.B.4.a)	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey. (Core)	2.11.a.	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey. (Core)
II.B.4.b)	For each chief resident position, there must be at least one core faculty member with ABS and/or AOBS board eligibility or certification in surgery in addition to the program director. (Core)	2.11.b.	For each chief resident position, there must be at least one core faculty member with ABS and/or AOBS board eligibility or certification in surgery in addition to the program director. (Core)
II.B.4.c)	The associate program director(s) must be designated as core faculty members. (Core)	2.11.c.	The associate program director(s) must be designated as core faculty members. (Core)
II.B.5.	The associate program director should have demonstrated experience in, or obtain special instruction in, resident education and mentoring. (Detail)	2.11.d.	The associate program director should have demonstrated experience in, or obtain special instruction in, resident education and mentoring. (Detail)
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.12.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.2.	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)

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Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)		At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)
II C. 2 a)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-6 Minimum FTE: 0.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum FTE: 0.7 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 11-15 Minimum FTE: 0.8 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 16-25 Minimum FTE: 1.0 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 26-35 Minimum FTE: 1.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 36-45 Minimum FTE: 1.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 46-55 Minimum FTE: 1.6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 56-65 Minimum FTE: 1.8 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 66-75 Minimum FTE: 2.0 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 76-85 Minimum FTE: 2.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 86-95 Minimum FTE: 2.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: ≥96 Minimum FTE: 2.5	2.12.b.	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-6 Minimum FTE: 0.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum FTE: 0.7 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 11-15 Minimum FTE: 0.8 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 16-25 Minimum FTE: 1.0 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 26-35 Minimum FTE: 1.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 36-45 Minimum FTE: 1.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 46-55 Minimum FTE: 1.6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 56-65 Minimum FTE: 1.8 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 66-75 Minimum FTE: 2.0 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 76-85 Minimum FTE: 2.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: >96 Minimum FTE: 2.4
II.C.2.a)		2.12.b.	Number of Approved Resident Positions: ≥96 Minimum FTE: 2.5
II.D.	Other Program Personnel The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)	2.13.	Other Program Personnel The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)
III.	Resident Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Resident Appointments
II.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	Eligibility Requirements An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
III.A.1.	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	Eligibility Requirements An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
III.A.1.a)	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			• holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)

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			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			• holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	 holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(2)	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	• holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
III.A.2.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)	3.3.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Resident Complement	3.3.a.	matriculation. (Core)
III.B.	The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)
III.B.1.	Residency positions must be designated as preliminary or categorical. (Core)	3.4.a.	Residency positions must be designated as preliminary or categorical. (Core)
	The total number of preliminary residents (first and second year) must not exceed 300 percent of the number of approved categorical chief residents.		The total number of preliminary residents (first and second year) must not exceed 300 percent of the number of approved categorical chief residents.
III.B.1.a)	(Core)	3.4.b.	(Core)
III.B.1.b)	Programs and program directors must provide resources and counsel to assist preliminary residents in obtaining future positions and must track the outcomes of their preliminary residents and report on these at least annually. (Core)	3.4.c.	Programs and program directors must provide resources and counsel to assist preliminary residents in obtaining future positions and must track the outcomes of their preliminary residents and report on these at least annually. (Core)
III.B.1.c)	The number of approved categorical residents per clinical PGY must not exceed the number of approved chief resident positions. (Core)	3.4.d.	The number of approved categorical residents per clinical PGY must not exceed the number of approved chief resident positions. (Core)
III.B.1.c).(1)	The experience of the preliminary resident(s) must largely resemble that of the categorical residents; deviations in rotation schedule are acceptable when it is in the best interest of the preliminary resident's education and career goals. (Detail)	3.4.d.1.	The experience of the preliminary resident(s) must largely resemble that of the categorical residents; deviations in rotation schedule are acceptable when it is in the best interest of the preliminary resident's education and career goals. (Detail)

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
III.C.	The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	All transferring residents must have an evaluation of their performance by the		All transferring residents must have an evaluation of their performance by the
III.C.1.	Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)	3.5.a.	Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)
	The entirety of a resident's PGY-4 and PGY-5 clinical experience must be spent		The entirety of a resident's PGY-4 and PGY-5 clinical experience must be spent
III.C.2.	in the same program. (Core)	3.5.b.	in the same program. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
IV.A.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educational components:	4.2.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
IV.A.1.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.a.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.3.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)
IV.A.4.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)
IV.A.4.a)	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.A.5.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each specialty.
14.0.	·	[INOTIC]	innestones for each specialty.
IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
	Professionalism		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV D 4 ->	Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an	4.0	Desidents movet demonstrate commeters in
IV.B.1.a)	adherence to ethical principles. (Core)	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
			ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.a).(1).(a)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(b)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)	4.3.b.	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(c)	cultural humility; (Core)	4.3.c.	cultural humility; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(d)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)	4.3.d.	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(e)	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(f)	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)	4.3.f.	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and		ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and
IV.B.1.a).(1).(g)	professional well-being; and, (Core)	4.3.g.	professional well-being; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(h)	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)	4.3.h.	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Residents must demonstrate competence in and execute comprehensive patient care in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(i)	continuity of comprehensive patient care; (Outcome)	4.4.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in, and execute comprehensive patient care in, continuity of comprehensive patient care. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(ii)	evaluation, diagnosis, and operative and non-operative treatment across the five phases of care (pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up) across the spectrum of ages for elective, urgent, and emergent conditions; (Outcome)	4.4.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in and execute comprehensive patient care in evaluation, diagnosis, and operative and non-operative treatment across the five phases of care (pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up) across the spectrum of ages for elective, urgent, and emergent conditions. (Outcome)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iii)	the routine diagnosis and treatment of surgical problems, as well as recognizing, critically evaluating, and managing complexities and complications; and, (Outcome)	4.4.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in and execute comprehensive patient care in the routine diagnosis and treatment of surgical problems, as well as recognizing, critically evaluating, and managing complexities and complications. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iv)	conferring, as needed, with consultants and subspecialists. (Outcome)	4.4.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in and execute comprehensive patient care in conferring, as needed, with consultants and subspecialists. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.b).(2)	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Procedural Skills Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a)	Residents must demonstrate competence in the evaluation, management, and emergency surgical stabilization in the care of injured patients. (Outcome)	4.5.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in the evaluation, management, and emergency surgical stabilization in the care of injured patients. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(b)	Residents must acquire the psycho-motor skills required to perform safe surgical procedures independently and know when to appropriately perform them. (Outcome)	4.5.b.	Residents must acquire the psycho-motor skills required to perform safe surgical procedures independently and know when to appropriately perform them. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c)	Residents must demonstrate competence in the use of existing and emerging surgical and other relevant value-based technologies and treatments. (Outcome)	4.5.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in the use of existing and emerging surgical and other relevant value-based technologies and treatments. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Residents must demonstrate knowledge in the breadth of diseases and disorders seen in the practice of general surgery, including diseases of the abdomen and its contents; the alimentary tract; skin, soft tissue and breast; endocrine surgery; head and neck disease; non-cardiac thoracic surgery; pediatric surgery; critical care; surgical oncology; trauma and non-operative trauma; and the vascular system. (Outcome)	4.6.a.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge in the breadth of diseases and disorders seen in the practice of general surgery, including diseases of the abdomen and its contents; the alimentary tract; skin, soft tissue and breast; endocrine surgery; head and neck disease; non-cardiac thoracic surgery; pediatric surgery; critical care; surgical oncology; trauma and non-operative trauma; and the vascular system. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.c).(2)	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of the key applied scientific principles for the practice of general surgery. (Outcome)	4.6.b.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of the key applied scientific principles for the practice of general surgery. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.c).(3)	Residents must demonstrate appropriate knowledge of principals of ethics, palliative care, communication, and health care disparities which apply to surgical care. (Outcome)	4.6.c.	Residents must demonstrate appropriate knowledge of principals of ethics, palliative care, communication, and health care disparities which apply to surgical care. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.d)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning; (Core)	4.7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in: identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and	[None]	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths,
IV.B.1.d).(1).(a)	expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and improvement goals. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing appropriate learning activities. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(d)	systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement; (Core)	4.7.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(e)	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and, (Core)	4.7.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(f)	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)	4.7.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(2)	Residents should demonstrate competence in incorporating preventive health care skills to improve population health outcomes through ongoing community involvement such as injury prevention, cancer screening, and follow-up. (Outcome)	4.7.g.	Residents should demonstrate competence in incorporating preventive health care skills to improve population health outcomes through ongoing community involvement such as injury prevention, cancer screening, and follow-up. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.d).(3)	Residents should demonstrate competence in incorporating stewardship of resources and work to improve operational efficiency in both the inpatient and outpatient settings. (Outcome)	4.7.h.	Residents should demonstrate competence in incorporating stewardship of resources and work to improve operational efficiency in both the inpatient and outpatient settings. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.e) IV.B.1.e).(1)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core) Residents must demonstrate competence in	4.8. [None]	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(a)	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(b)	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(c)	working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group; (Core)	4.8.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(d)	educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals; (Core)	4.8.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(e)	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals; (Core)	4.8.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)	4.8.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(g)	counseling patients so that they are able to engage in shared decision making related to proposed procedures (risks/benefits/alternatives of procedures); (Outcome)	4.8.h.	Residents must demonstrate competence in counseling patients so that they are able to engage in shared decision making related to proposed procedures (risks/benefits/alternatives of procedures). (Outcome)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(h)	communicating unexpected outcomes, including life-limiting diagnoses and medical errors; (Outcome)	4.8.i.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating unexpected outcomes, including life-limiting diagnoses and medical errors. (Outcome)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.B.1.e).(1).(i)	transferring and conveying all important medical information and procedural details, including complications, in a concise and understandable manner to other members of the health care team who are involved in the patient's care, when indicated (e.g., hand-offs and transitions of care); and, (Outcome)	4.8.j.	Residents must demonstrate competence in transferring and conveying all important medical information and procedural details, including complications, in a concise and understandable manner to other members of the health care team who are involved in the patient's care, when indicated (e.g., hand-offs and transitions of care). (Outcome)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(j)	effectively presenting clinical or scholarly projects in a group setting to colleagues, attending physicians, and other health care team practitioners. (Outcome)	4.8.k.	Residents must demonstrate competence in effectively presenting clinical or scholarly projects in a group setting to colleagues, attending physicians, and other health care team practitioners. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.e).(2)	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(2).(a)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to recognize the patient's autonomy to choose the person or people who are the patient's support system with whom they wish the health care team to communicate. (Outcome)	4.8.g.1.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to recognize the patient's autonomy to choose the person or people who are the patient's support system with whom they wish the health care team to communicate. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.e).(2).(b)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to recognize the legally designated or authorized representative with whom communication must occur when the patient does not have capacity. (Outcome)	4.8.g.2	Residents must demonstrate the ability to recognize the legally designated or authorized representative with whom communication must occur when the patient does not have capacity. (Outcome)
IV.B.1.f).	Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1) IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	Residents must demonstrate competence in: working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	[None] 4.9.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)	coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(c)	advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems; (Core)	4.9.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions; (Core)	4.9.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core) Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations
IV.B.1.f).(1).(e)	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate;(Core)	4.9.e.	of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions; and, (Core)	4.9.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)	4.9.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)
IV.B.1.f).(2)	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.9.h.	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			4.10. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core) 4.11. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and
			Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	4.12. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)	4.10.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and meaningful assessment and feedback. (Detail)	4.10.a.	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and meaningful assessment and feedback. (Detail)
IV.C.1.b)	Rotations should be at least four contiguous weeks in duration. (Core)	4.10.b.	Rotations should be at least four contiguous weeks in duration. (Core)
IV.C.1.b).(1)	To enhance continuity and promote graduated autonomy senior residents should have more extended experiences. (Detail)	4.10.b.1.	To enhance continuity and promote graduated autonomy senior residents should have more extended experiences. (Detail)
IV.C.1.c)	Clinical experiences must include the opportunity for senior residents to serve as a teaching assistant to junior learners. (Core)	4.10.c.	Clinical experiences must include the opportunity for senior residents to serve as a teaching assistant to junior learners. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management: The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.2.a)	This instruction must include education regarding the use of local and regional anesthesia as well as conscious sedation for the mitigation of peri-procedural pain. (Core)	4.12.a.	This instruction must include education regarding the use of local and regional anesthesia as well as conscious sedation for the mitigation of peri-procedural pain. (Core)
IV.C.3.	Simulation, Didactics, and Conferences	4.11.a.	Simulation, Didactics, and Conferences Residents must participate in a structured, comprehensive curriculum which includes a combination of simulation, didactic, and other educational modalities. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Simulation, Didactics, and Conferences
IV.C.3.a)	Residents must participate in a structured, comprehensive curriculum which includes a combination of simulation, didactic, and other educational modalities. (Core)	4.11.a.	Residents must participate in a structured, comprehensive curriculum which includes a combination of simulation, didactic, and other educational modalities. (Core)
IV.C.3.a).(1)	The didactic curriculum must include instruction in applied scientific and clinical principles fundamental to surgery, including wound healing, shock and circulatory physiology, surgical infection, hematologic disorders, immunology and immunosuppression, transplantation, oncology, surgical endocrinology, surgical nutrition, fluid and electrolyte balance, metabolism, and physiologic response to injury, including burn physiology. (Core)	4.11.a.1.	The didactic curriculum must include instruction in applied scientific and clinical principles fundamental to surgery, including wound healing, shock and circulatory physiology, surgical infection, hematologic disorders, immunology and immunosuppression, transplantation, oncology, surgical endocrinology, surgical nutrition, fluid and electrolyte balance, metabolism, and physiologic response to injury, including burn physiology. (Core)
IV.C.3.b)	The following types of conferences must be held and regularly attended by residents:	4.11.a.2.	The following types of conferences must be held and regularly attended by residents:
IV.C.3.b).(1)	regularly organized clinical teaching conferences, including conferences that have broad representation of faculty and residents present (e.g., grand rounds, tumor board); and, (Detail)	4.11.a.2.a.	regularly organized clinical teaching conferences, including conferences that have broad representation of faculty and residents present (e.g., grand rounds, tumor board); and, (Detail)
IV.C.3.b).(2)	patient safety and quality improvement conferences, including weekly morbidity and mortality reviews. (Core)	4.11.a.2.b.	patient safety and quality improvement conferences, including weekly morbidity and mortality reviews. (Core)
IV.C.3.c)	Conferences must be scheduled during protected time when residents are not interrupted for routine clinical responsibilities. Each resident must participate in a minimum of 75 percent of regularly scheduled conferences. (Core)	4.11.a.3.	Conferences must be scheduled during protected time when residents are not interrupted for routine clinical responsibilities. Each resident must participate in a minimum of 75 percent of regularly scheduled conferences. (Core)
IV.C.3.d)	The educational program must include simulation-based curriculum that:	[None]	
IV.C.3.d).(1)	assists residents with the development of technical and non-technical skills; (Core)	4.11.a.4.	The educational program must include simulation-based curriculum that assists residents with the development of technical and non-technical skills. (Core)
IV.C.3.d).(2)	has the ability to incorporate new and evolving technologies and treatments into the simulation curriculum; and, (Detail)	4.11.a.5.	The educational program must include simulation-based curriculum that has the ability to incorporate new and evolving technologies and treatments into the simulation curriculum. (Detail)
IV.C.3.d).(3)	complements clinical experience and is tailored to each resident's level of skill. (Detail)	4.11.a.6.	The educational program must include simulation-based curriculum that complements clinical experience and is tailored to each resident's level of skill. (Detail)
IV.C.4.	Clinical Curriculum	4.11.b.	Clinical Curriculum The program must ensure that residents have experience in all elements of essential care for surgical patients, including pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up. (Core)
IV.C.4.a)	The program must ensure that residents have experience in all elements of essential care for surgical patients, including pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up. (Core)	4.11.b.	Clinical Curriculum The program must ensure that residents have experience in all elements of essential care for surgical patients, including pre-habilitation, pre-operative, operative, immediate recovery, and long-term recovery/follow-up. (Core)
IV.C.4.b)	Residents' clinical experience must be structured to ensure that residents:	[None]	
IV.C.4.b).(1)	utilize safe technical skills commensurate with their level of training; and, (Core)	4.11.b.1.	Residents' clinical experience must be structured to ensure that residents utilize safe technical skills commensurate with their level of training. (Core)
IV.C.4.b).(2)	perform level- and skill-appropriate core and non-core surgical procedures, including image-guided procedures, with appropriate supervision and graduated independence. (Core)	4.11.b.2.	Residents' clinical experience must be structured to ensure that residents perform level- and skill-appropriate core and non-core surgical procedures, including image-guided procedures, with appropriate supervision and graduated independence. (Core)
IV.C.5.	The clinical curriculum must be organized from basic to complex and be designed to ensure progressive autonomy to achieve competence. (Core)	4.11.c.	The clinical curriculum must be organized from basic to complex and be designed to ensure progressive autonomy to achieve competence. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.C.6.	Assignments should minimize non-educational clinical responsibilities and promote continuity of care. (Core)	4.11.d.	Assignments should minimize non-educational clinical responsibilities and promote continuity of care. (Core)
IV.C.7.	The duration of clinical experience must be 60 months. (Core)	4.11.e.	The duration of clinical experience must be 60 months. (Core)
IV.C.7.a)	At least 54 of these months must be spent on clinical assignments in surgery, with at least 42 months of clinical assignments based in essential content areas. Appropriate adjustments should be made to accommodate for medical, parental, or caregiver leave. (Core)	4.11.e.1.	At least 54 of these months must be spent on clinical assignments in surgery, with at least 42 months of clinical assignments based in essential content areas. Appropriate adjustments should be made to accommodate for medical, parental, or caregiver leave. (Core)
IV.C.7.a).(1)	The essential content areas must include: the abdomen and its contents; the alimentary tract; skin, soft tissues, and breast; endocrine surgery; head and neck surgery; non-cardiac thoracic surgery; pediatric surgery; surgical critical care; surgical oncology; trauma and non-operative trauma (burn experience that includes patient management may be counted toward non-operative trauma); and the vascular system. (Core)	4.11.e.1.a.	The essential content areas must include: the abdomen and its contents; the alimentary tract; skin, soft tissues, and breast; endocrine surgery; head and neck surgery; non-cardiac thoracic surgery; pediatric surgery; surgical critical care; surgical oncology; trauma and non-operative trauma (burn experience that includes patient management may be counted toward non-operative trauma); and the vascular system. (Core)
IV.C.7.a).(2)	Experiences devoted to a surgical discipline other than the principal components of surgery must be limited to twelve months, and may include: (Core)	4.11.e.2.	Experiences devoted to a surgical discipline other than the principal components of surgery must be limited to twelve months, and may include: (Core)
IV.C.7.a).(2).(a)	cardiac surgery, urology, gynecology, neurological surgery, orthopaedic surgery, and/or plastic surgery; (Core)	4.11.e.2.a.	cardiac surgery, urology, gynecology, neurological surgery, orthopaedic surgery, and/or plastic surgery; (Core)
IV.C.7.a).(2).(b)	research or non-surgical disciplines, including anesthesiology, internal medicine, pediatrics, pathology, or gastroenterology, excluding endoscopic experiences. Time spent on these experiences must not exceed six months. (Core)	4.11.e.2.b.	research or non-surgical disciplines, including anesthesiology, internal medicine, pediatrics, pathology, or gastroenterology, excluding endoscopic experiences. Time spent on these experiences must not exceed six months. (Core)
IV.C.7.b)	The program must provide residents with clinical experience in emergency surgical care and surgical critical care. (Core)	4.11.f.	The program must provide residents with clinical experience in emergency surgical care and surgical critical care. (Core)
IV.C.7.c)	Resident education must include instruction in burn physiology and clinical experience with initial burn management. (Core)	4.11.g.	Resident education must include instruction in burn physiology and clinical experience with initial burn management. (Core)
IV.C.7.d)	Residents must learn to recognize and identify patients that would benefit from solid organ transplantation, manage general surgical conditions in transplant patients, and understand immunosuppressive medications and their complications. (Core)	4.11.h.	Residents must learn to recognize and identify patients that would benefit from solid organ transplantation, manage general surgical conditions in transplant patients, and understand immunosuppressive medications and their complications. (Core)
IV.C.7.e)	The program must ensure residents have experiential learning working with interprofessional teams. (Core)	4.11.i.	The program must ensure residents have experiential learning working with interprofessional teams. (Core)
IV.C.8.	Operative Experience	4.11.j.	Operative Experience The operative experience for each resident must be diverse and of sufficient volume to meet the minimum case numbers as determined by the Review Committee. (Core)
IV.C.8.(a)	The operative experience for each resident must be diverse and of sufficient volume to meet the minimum case numbers as determined by the Review	4.11.j.	Operative Experience The operative experience for each resident must be diverse and of sufficient volume to meet the minimum case numbers as determined by the Review Committee. (Core)
IV.C.8.(a).(1)	All residents must document their operative experience in the ACGME Case Log System. (Core)	4.11.j.1.	All residents must document their operative experience in the ACGME Case Log System. (Core)
IV.C.8.(b)	As residents progress through the program, they must be given increasing responsibility based on evaluations using competency-based tools to promote graduated autonomy in the operating room and in the peri-operative care of patients. (Core)	4.11.k.	As residents progress through the program, they must be given increasing responsibility based on evaluations using competency-based tools to promote graduated autonomy in the operating room and in the peri-operative care of patients. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.C.8.(b).(1)	The program must ensure that residents receive instruction in and experience with a variety of surgical techniques including open, minimally invasive, and endoscopic surgical techniques. Programs should provide residents with access to emerging surgical technologies and techniques. (Core)	4.11.k.1.	The program must ensure that residents receive instruction in and experience with a variety of surgical techniques including open, minimally invasive, and endoscopic surgical techniques. Programs should provide residents with access to emerging surgical technologies and techniques. (Core)
IV.C.8.(c)	Before completion of the program, residents must have demonstrated the ability to operate with indirect supervision and/or oversight for common core operations. (Outcome)	4.11.l.	Before completion of the program, residents must have demonstrated the ability to operate with indirect supervision and/or oversight for common core operations. (Outcome)
IV.C.9.	Chief Resident Experience	4.11.m.	Chief Resident Experience Clinical assignments at the chief level should occur in the PGY-5, or in the PGY-4 in order to take advantage of unique educational opportunities within the program. (Core)
IV.C.9.a)	Clinical assignments at the chief level should occur in the PGY-5, or in the PGY-4 in order to take advantage of unique educational opportunities within the program. (Core)	4.11.m.	Chief Resident Experience Clinical assignments at the chief level should occur in the PGY-5, or in the PGY-4 in order to take advantage of unique educational opportunities within the program. (Core)
IV.C.9.a).(1)	Chief-level clinical assignments in the PGY-4 must be approved by the Review Committee in advance and must not comprise more than six months of the PGY-4. (Core)	4.11.m.1.	Chief-level clinical assignments in the PGY-4 must be approved by the Review Committee in advance and must not comprise more than six months of the PGY-4. (Core)
IV.C.9.b)	Each chief resident must have patient management experience with indirect supervision and/or oversight throughout the five phases of care. (Core)	4.11.n.	Each chief resident must have patient management experience with indirect supervision and/or oversight throughout the five phases of care. (Core)
IV.C.9.c)	A chief resident and a fellow must not have primary responsibility for the same patient, excluding when non-operative care is co-managed between a chief resident and a surgical critical care fellow. (Core)	4.11.o.	A chief resident and a fellow must not have primary responsibility for the same patient, excluding when non-operative care is co-managed between a chief resident and a surgical critical care fellow. (Core)
IV.C.9.c).(1)	Clinical assignments during the chief year must be in the essential content areas of general surgery as outlined in IV.C.7.a).(1). (Core)	4.11.o.1.	Clinical assignments during the chief year must be in the essential content areas of general surgery as outlined in 4.11.e.1.a. (Core)
IV.C.9.d)	If non-cardiac thoracic surgery and transplantation rotations are used as chief resident rotations, the chief resident must perform sufficient number of complex cases, participate in the five phases of care, and be the senior surgical learner responsible for the care of those patients. (Core)	4.11.p.	If non-cardiac thoracic surgery and transplantation rotations are used as chief resident rotations, the chief resident must perform sufficient number of complex cases, participate in the five phases of care, and be the senior surgical learner responsible for the care of those patients. (Core)
IV.C.9.d).(1)	Chief residents must be given the opportunity to complete cases in the teaching assistant role, leading junior learners through an operation. (Core)	4.11.p.1.	Chief residents must be given the opportunity to complete cases in the teaching assistant role, leading junior learners through an operation. (Core)
IV.C.10.	Clinical Experiences	4.11.q.	Clinical Experiences At least 75 percent of assignments within essential content areas, excluding surgical critical care and night float rotations, must include an outpatient clinic experience of at least one half day per week. (Core)
IV.C.10.a)	At least 75 percent of assignments within essential content areas, excluding surgical critical care and night float rotations, must include an outpatient clinic experience of at least one half day per week. (Core)	4.11.q.	Clinical Experiences At least 75 percent of assignments within essential content areas, excluding surgical critical care and night float rotations, must include an outpatient clinic experience of at least one half day per week. (Core)
IV.C.10.b)	Resident education must include instruction and experience in available treatment options and application of technical advances as they apply to the following:	4.11.r.	Resident education must include instruction and experience in available treatment options and application of technical advances as they apply to the following:
IV.C.10.b).(1)	the appropriate application of surgical therapy in conjunction with medical therapy, as indicated by the condition; (Core)	4.11.r.1.	the appropriate application of surgical therapy in conjunction with medical therapy, as indicated by the condition; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(2)	the use of radiation therapy; (Core)	4.11.r.2.	the use of radiation therapy; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(3)	management of conditions of the alimentary tract; (Core)	4.11.r.3.	management of conditions of the alimentary tract; (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.C.10.b).(4)	management of conditions of the abdomen, including the abdominal wall; (Core)	4.11.r.4.	management of conditions of the abdomen, including the abdominal wall; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(5)	management of neoplastic and inflammatory conditions of the skin and soft tissues; (Core)	4.11.r.5.	management of neoplastic and inflammatory conditions of the skin and soft tissues; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(6)	management of lesions of the breast, including inflammatory and neoplastic conditions; (Core)	4.11.r.6.	management of lesions of the breast, including inflammatory and neoplastic conditions; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(7)	management of endocrine conditions that may involve surgical therapy, including those of the thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, and endocrine pancreas; (Core)	4.11.r.7.	management of endocrine conditions that may involve surgical therapy, including those of the thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, and endocrine pancreas; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(8)	management of the trauma patient, including initial resuscitation and immediate life-preserving measures, restoration of vital organ function, and management of life-threatening injuries; (Core)	4.11.r.8.	management of the trauma patient, including initial resuscitation and immediate life-preserving measures, restoration of vital organ function, and management of life-threatening injuries; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(9)	management of conditions of the vascular system that are amenable to the expertise of the general surgeon; (Core)	4.11.r.9.	management of conditions of the vascular system that are amenable to the expertise of the general surgeon; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(10)	initial evaluation and management of conditions of the cardiothoracic, genitourinary, gynecologic, otolaryngologic, neurologic, and musculoskeletal systems; (Core)	4.11.r.10.	initial evaluation and management of conditions of the cardiothoracic, genitourinary, gynecologic, otolaryngologic, neurologic, and musculoskeletal systems; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(11)	management of common and emergent pediatric surgical conditions and recognition of other congenital and pediatric surgical conditions; (Core)	4.11.r.11.	management of common and emergent pediatric surgical conditions and recognition of other congenital and pediatric surgical conditions; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(12)	management of the patient with end-organ failure or severe dysfunction with	4.11.r.12.	management of the patient with end-organ failure or severe dysfunction with underlying surgical disease; (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(13)	surgical management of diseases of the hematopoietic system; and, (Core)	4.11.r.13.	surgical management of diseases of the hematopoietic system; and, (Core)
IV.C.10.b).(14)	management of patients with palliative care needs, to include application of surgical therapy appropriately in end-of-life situations using shared decision making. (Core)	4.11.r.14.	management of patients with palliative care needs, to include application of surgical therapy appropriately in end-of-life situations using shared decision making. (Core)
IV.C.11.	Residents must have documented experience in emergency care and surgical critical care to manage and treat patients with severe and complex illnesses, major injuries, and/or with resulting organ system dysfunction. (Core)	4.11.s.	Residents must have documented experience in emergency care and surgical critical care to manage and treat patients with severe and complex illnesses, major injuries, and/or with resulting organ system dysfunction. (Core)
IV.D.	Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
			Program Responsibilities
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)
			Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
			 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants
			 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or
			electronic educational materials • Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	• Innovations in education
	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
	 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants 		 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants
	 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports 		 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports
	 Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or 		 Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or
	editorial boards		editorial boards
IV.D.2.a)	Innovations in education	4.14.	Innovations in education

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality
IV.D.2.b)	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	4.14.a.	improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
IV.D.2.b).(1)	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)	4.14.a.	• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
, ()			Resident Scholarly Activity
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a)	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(1)	This must include at least one of the following: (Detail) Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants or publications Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Innovations in education	4.15.a.	This must include at least one of the following: Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants or publications Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Innovations in education (Detail)
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1.b.	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(4)	conduct a detailed review of resident case volume, breadth, and complexity; (Core)	5.1.h.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must conduct a detailed review of resident case volume, breadth, and complexity. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(5)	assess resident acquisition and maintenance of technical and non-technical skills using competency-based evaluation that begins in the PGY-1 and allows formative resident feedback, evidence of learning and development, and provides directly observed evidence for summative judgments; and, (Core)	5.1.i.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assess resident acquisition and maintenance of technical and non-technical skills using competency-based evaluation that begins in the PGY-1 and allows formative resident feedback, evidence of learning and development, and provides directly observed evidence for summative judgments. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(6)	specifically monitor the residents' knowledge by use of a formal exam on an annual basis. (Core)	5.1.j.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must specifically monitor the residents' knowledge by use of a formal exam on an annual basis. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
V.A.1.e).(1)	Standardized exams should not be the sole criterion to assess resident	5.1.f.1.	Standardized exams should not be the sole criterion to assess resident knowledge or readiness to progress to the next level of the program. (Core)
V.A.1.f).	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)

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Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(1)	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty- specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.a.	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)		[None]	
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	Clinical Competency Committee A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)
V.A.3.a).(1)	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)	5.3.b.	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.d.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)

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Nullibel	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical		This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical
	teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation		teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation
V D 4 - \	in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical	F 4 -	in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical
V.B.1.a)	performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)
	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into		Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into
V.B.3.	program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)	5.5.a.	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	
V.C.1.b).(1)	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)
V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
,	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission		The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission
V.C.1.d)		5.5.f.	and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be		The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be
	distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the		distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the
V.C.1.e)	teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.		5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)

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Number	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.	Number	Requirement Language Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.
V.C.3.	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.
V.C.3.a)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	The Learning and Working Environment		The Learning and Working Environment
	Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	• Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today		• Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	• Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		• Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	Patient Safety, Quality Improvement, Supervision, and Accountability	[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(1)	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2)	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
\(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members	[Nonel	
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	must:	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and, (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)

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VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
			Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.		Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.a)	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
	Levels of Supervision		
VI.A.2.b)	To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	* 1	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in VI.A.2.b).(1).(a). (Core)	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a)	The program must define those physician tasks for which PGY-1 residents must be supervised directly until they have demonstrated competence as defined by the program director, and must maintain records of such demonstrations of competence. (Core)	6.7.a.1.	The program must define those physician tasks for which PGY-1 residents must be supervised directly until they have demonstrated competence as defined by the program director, and must maintain records of such demonstrations of competence. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	
VI.B.2.a)	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non- physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)
VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)

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VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
	Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training.		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training.
VI.C.	Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.	[None]	Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)
VI.C.1.c)	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of residents and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)

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VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)		There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
VI.E.2.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)
VI.E.2.a)	Work performed by each member of the team should be assigned based on each individual's education, experience, and competence, and appropriate structures should be in place to advance independence and autonomy throughout the training period. (Core)	6.18.a.	Work performed by each member of the team should be assigned based on each individual's education, experience, and competence, and appropriate structures should be in place to advance independence and autonomy throughout the training period. (Core)
VI.E.2.b)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to collaborate with allied health professionals, including nurses, advanced practice practitioners, therapists, social workers, and others. (Outcome)	6.18.b.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to collaborate with allied health professionals, including nurses, advanced practice practitioners, therapists, social workers, and others. (Outcome)
VI.E.2.c)	Appropriate service-specific guidelines for communication should exist, allowing appropriate understanding of reporting relationships to maximize quality and safety of patient care. (Core)	6.18.c.	Appropriate service-specific guidelines for communication should exist, allowing appropriate understanding of reporting relationships to maximize quality and safety of patient care. (Core)
VI.E.2.d)	Residents must assume personal responsibility to complete all assigned and voluntarily assumed tasks within the assigned timeframe, or, when that is not possible, utilize the program's established methods for handing off remaining tasks so that patient care is not compromised. (Core)	6.18.d.	Residents must assume personal responsibility to complete all assigned and voluntarily assumed tasks within the assigned timeframe, or, when that is not possible, utilize the program's established methods for handing off remaining tasks so that patient care is not compromised. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)

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VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. The Review Committee for Surgery will not consider requests for exceptions to		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. The Review Committee for Surgery will not consider requests for exceptions to
VI.F.4.c) VI.F.5.	the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week. Moonlighting	6.24. 6.25.	the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week. Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b) VI.F.5.c)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core) PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)	6.25.a. 6.25.b.	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core) PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)		In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.6.a)	Night float rotations must not exceed two months in duration, four months of night float per PGY level, and 12 months for the entire program. (Core)	6.26.a.	Night float rotations must not exceed two months in duration, four months of night float per PGY level, and 12 months for the entire program. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)

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VI.F.8.		6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)